

City of La Puente

California



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Prepared by:

The Administrative Services Department

City of La Puente Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
I.	INTRODUCTORY SECTION	::
	Letter of Transmittal	i - vi vii
	Directory of Officials Organization Chart	VIII
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ix
II.	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	THANGIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
	Management's Discussion & Analysis	4 - 17
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Position	18
	Statement of Activities	19 - 20
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Governmental Funds:	04
	Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	21 22
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	23
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	20
	of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	24
	Proprietary Funds:	
	Statement of Net Position	25
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	26
	Statement of Cash Flows	27
	Fiduciary Funds:	
	Statement of Net Position	28
	Statement of Changes in Net Position Notes to Financial Statements	29 30 - 56
	Notes to Financial Statements	30 - 30
	Required Supplementary Information:	
	Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	57
	Schedule of Plan Contributions for the City's OPEB Plan	58
	Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension liability	59
	Schedule of Plan Contributions	60
	Major Governmental Funds: Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
	General Fund	61
	Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	62
	Notes to Required Supplementary Information	63
	Supplementary Information:	
	Other Governmental Funds:	64 - 65
	Combining Balance Sheet	66 - 69
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	70 - 73
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
	Gas Tax Fund	74 75
	Measure M Fund	75 76
	Prop. C Transportation Fund	70

City of La Puente Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS - Continued

		PAGE
	Supplementary Information - Continued:	
	PEG Access Fund	77
	State COPS Fund	78
	JAG Grant Fund	79
	Cal-HOME Grant Fund	80
	CDBG Grant Fund	81
	Air Quality Improvement Fund	82
	Measure R Fund	83
	Prop. A Transportation Fund	84
	Local Transportation Fund	85
	Highway Safety Improvement (HSIP) Grant Fund	86
	Miscellaneous Grants Fund	87
	Housing Fund	88
	Capital Projects Fund	89
	Fiduciary Funds:	90
	Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	91
III.	STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Description of Statistical Section Contents	92
	Financial Trends:	
	Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years	93 - 94
	Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Years	95 - 98
	Government Activities Tax Revenue by Source - Last Ten Years	99
	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	100 - 101
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years	102 - 103
	Revenue Capacity:	404
	Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Use - Last Ten Fiscal Years	104
	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years	105
	Principal Property Tax Payers (Top Ten) - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	106
	Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	107
	Debt Capacity:	100
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	108 109
	Direct and Overlapping Debt	110 - 111
	Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years Demographic and Economic Information:	110 - 111
	Demographic and Economic Statistics	112
		113 - 114
	Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago Operating Information:	113 - 114
	Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	115 - 116
	Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Calendar Years	117 - 118
	Capital Asset Statistics by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	117 - 118
	Oupital Asset Otalishes by Fulloholi - Last Fell Fiscal Feals	119



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



15900 E. Main Street, La Puente, CA 91744-4719 Telephone (626) 855-1500 www.lapuente.org

December 4, 2019

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of La Puente, California

INTRODUCTION

The City of La Puente's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is transmitted herewith in compliance with State law and the relevant requirements of Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting published by the Governmental Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") of the United States and Canada. The information contained in this report offers a comprehensive scope of information which can be utilized by a large segment of the community, and is presented in a manner which will enable each reader to better understand all of the City's financial activities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Finance Department.

The financial statements are the responsibility of the City of La Puente's management. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of La Puente has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Van Lant & Fankhanel, LLP, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts

and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The auditors have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on these financial statements. The auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). In addition, the MD&A is intended to disclose any known significant events or decisions that affect the financial condition of the City. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The Statistical Section includes selected financial, demographic and other relevant information.

The financial statements present the financial condition of the City of La Puente (the primary government) and its component unit, La Puente Public Financing Authority. The financial reporting entity consists of: (1) the City, (2) organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and (3) organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF LA PUENTE

The City of La Puente ("City") is located 20 miles east of downtown Los Angeles in the San Gabriel Valley. The community of La Puente is predominantly residential and home to over 40,000 residents. Commercial land usage is located primarily along major highways/arterials and industrial land usage is less than five percent (5%) of the City's 3.5 square mile land area. Freeway access to the City is readily available from Interstate 10 and the 60 Freeway.

The City is a general law city, incorporated on August 1, 1956; however, the history of the community extends back much further. The City's name "La Puente" means the bridge in old Spanish and refers to an early bridge built across the San Jose Creek by members of the Portola-Serra expedition in 1769, as they surveyed the region for Spain. A modernized version of the bridge can be seen in the City's colorful seal. The community of La Puente began in 1841 when European settlers arrived by wagon train from New Mexico and obtained title to the large 48,000 acre Rancho La Puente. During the 1930's, the area was famous for its fruit and walnut groves. The largest walnut packing plant in the world was located in the City.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of five council members one of which is elected by the council to a one year term as mayor and one as mayor protem. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring both the City Manager and a contract City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations and for appointing heads of departments.

The City is a contract city and as such contracts for many of its services. This includes law enforcement services, building and safety services, engineering, road maintenance and landscape maintenance. Law enforcement services are provided by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.

The Los Angeles County Fire District provides fire protection. The County also provides library services through a Library District, as well as sewer and sanitation services through a Sanitation District and pediatrics, women's and family planning services through a health center in the City. Funds for district services are collected through property tax bills and are disbursed directly by the Los Angeles County Tax Collector's Office.

Water services for the City are provided by La Puente Valley County Water District, San Gabriel Valley Water Company and Suburban Water Systems. Refuse collection is provided by a private waste collection company. There are also seventeen public and private schools serving the City's residents. Public schools are operated by the Hacienda La Puente Unified School District.

The City provides a number of in-house programs and functions including: City Clerk's Office, Development Services, Administrative Services, Recreation Services, and Public Safety (Code Enforcement). The City also operates various facilities to serve the community. These include a Community Center, Youth Learning Activity Center, Senior Center, La Puente Park and Puente Creek Nature and Education Center.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Each year, a proposed budget is submitted to the City Council and several public meetings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is subsequently adopted by the Council through the passage of a resolution. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Certain multi-year project appropriations are re-budgeted by the City Council as part of the adoption process of the subsequent year's budget. The level of budgetary control is maintained at the fund level.

LOCAL ECONOMY AND ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The San Gabriel Valley has stayed the course with a solid economic performance in 2019. Virtually every industry added jobs to the employment base and, according to data compiled by the Employment Development Department employment increased an estimated 1.0% to 697,068 payroll jobs. Total employment is currently at an all-time high, and is projected that the region will continue to add jobs through 2020, albeit at a slower pace as it approaches a full employment environment. The housing market has also improved, but obstacles remain. Median prices for existing homes continue to rise in response to limited supply and increased demand, but after seven years of price increases and anemic real wage growth, affordability continues to be an issue for many would-be home buyers. The San Gabriel Valley's housing market is undergoing the same overheating that the county as a whole is experiencing, and due to insufficient new construction, it is unlikely to abate in the near future. In the long run, more dense

construction is expected to take advantage of the demand and soaring prices, as well as a continued shift to multi-family units and more urban living.

The City, like other municipalities has continually been burdened by the financial pressures and impacts imposed by Federal, State, and County governments. Since the early 1980's, these governmental units have passed on to municipalities a myriad of unfunded mandates or service/regulatory requirements and also, have eliminated or redistributed significant sources of revenue. Despite this challenge the City has managed to maintain a balanced budget without any reductions in City services.

The City relies heavily on two major revenue sources – property taxes and sales and use taxes for its general fund operating expenses. These two revenue sources comprise 76% of the General Fund revenue. Other revenue sources such as transient occupancy tax, business license taxes, real property transfer taxes, and licenses and permits fees remain stable.

The City's sales tax base saw an increase of 29.6% compared to fiscal year 2017-2018. The City continues to look for ways to expand the sales tax base. In November 2018 voters passed a ½ cent sales tax measure that was placed on the ballot through citizen initiative. This measure is expected to generate approximately \$1.25 million per year in additional sales tax revenues for the City.

Despite the challenges of limited vacant commercial land and retail space selection, the City continues to promote new business opportunities through marketing and outreach efforts. The City also works closely with existing businesses to assist them with regulatory issues and to foster expansion projects..

Assessed property values within the City were up 4.9% over 2017-18 resulting in an increase in the property tax received. The average home price at June 30, 2019 was \$450,735 while the median price was \$465,000. The unemployment rate showed a slight decline from 4.2% to 4.8% and is expected to remain the same or improve slightly as employment opportunities increase.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

In November 2018, Measure LP, the City of La Puente Public Safety, Vital Services and Neighborhood Protection Measure, passed with 74.51% of the vote. Measure LP imposes an additional one-half of one percent (0.5%) local transactions and use tax on each dollar of taxable sales of goods in the City and on the taxable storage, use or consumption of goods purchased from a retailer.

In February 2019, the City adopted a Park Master Plan for La Puente Park. In order to develop the plan, the City utilized various community outreach efforts in order to engage and solicit feedback from the community. These outreach efforts included three steering committee workshop, three community workshops, and an online survey. From these outreach efforts, the City put together the plan that includes a phasing and financial component that will assist the City in applying for grants to help fund the park improvements.

In June 2019, the historic Star Theater was razed to make way for a new 22 unit townhome development in the City's downtown business district. The demolition of the Star Theater brings an end to the iconic movie house that has been part of the City and the San Gabriel Valley since its construction in 1947. With the demolition of the theater structure the City saw an opportunity to partner with the Los Angeles Historic Theatre Foundation to preserve the symbolic star that has rested on top of the unique multi-pole support structure for over 70 years.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$9.7 million or 77% of General Fund expenditures and total General Fund reserves are at \$21.2 million. The City adopted a balanced budget policy in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 which requires a General Fund reserve of 25% of budgeted expenditures, a \$1.0 million emergency reserve and a \$1.0 million economic uncertainty reserve. The current reserve amount falls within the management budget guidelines as approved by the City Council for budgetary and planning purposes.

GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of State and local government financial reports. In order to receive the award, a government has to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. The awards are valid for a period of one year only. The City believes that the current CAFR continues to meet program requirements and the City will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Special recognition is extended to the entire staff of Administrative Services for their ongoing dedication and efficient services provided to all City departments and citizens on a daily basis. Special appreciation is also extended specifically to Finance Division staff who contributed to and participated in the coordination and preparation of this CAFR. This document reflects the hard work, talent and commitment of City Staff and could not have been accomplished without the high level of professionalism and dedication that they bring to the City of La Puente. Further, thanks are also extended to Van Lant & Fankhanel, LLP, the City's independent auditors, who assisted and contributed in the preparation of this report.

Lastly, special acknowledgement is given to the Mayor and City Council for their continued support and interest in directing the efforts to maintain the City's strong fiscal health in a responsible and professional manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Troy Grunklee, CPA Administrative Services Director

Alexander Merkel-Medina

Principal Accountant



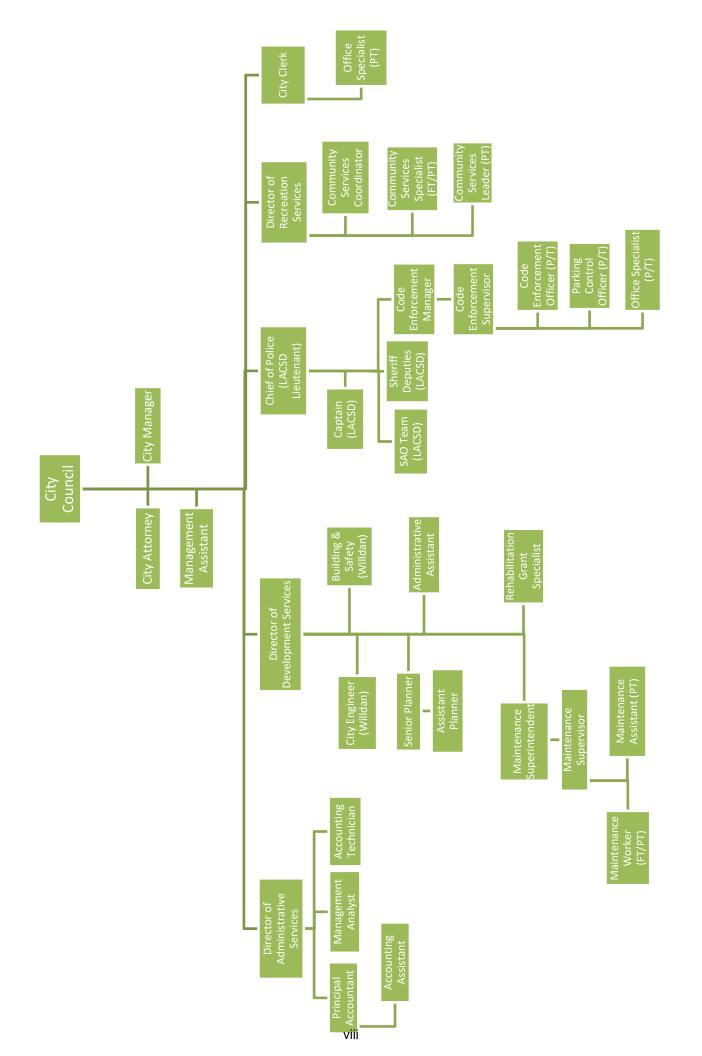
CITY OF LA PUENTE, CALIFORNIA

ELECTED OFFICIALS - CITY COUNCIL

Charlie Klinakis, Mayor
Violeta Lewis, Mayor Pro Tem
Daniel C. Holloway, Council Member
Valerie Muñoz, Council Member
John M. Solis, Council Member

CITY OFFICIALS

City Manager	Bob Lindsey
City Attorney	James Casso
City Clerk	Sheryl Garcia, CMC, CPM
Director of Administrative Services/City Treasurer	Troy Grunklee, CPA
Director of Community Services	Roxanne Lerma
Director of Development Services	John Di Mario
Principal Accountant	Alexander Merkel-Medina
Chief of Police	Pete Cacheiro





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of La Puente California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable City Council City of La Puente, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Puente (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of La Puente, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 4, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 4, 2019

Von Lout + Fankhanel, 11P

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of La Puente's financial performance provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of La Puente (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Our analysis includes information regarding the City's overall financial position and results of operations to assist users in evaluating the City's financial position, a discussion of significant changes that occurred in funds, and information regarding significant budget variances. In addition, it describes the activities during the year for capital assets and long-term debt. We end our discussion and analysis with a description of currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal, which can be found on page i of this report and the City's basic financial statements, which begin on page 18 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$66,705,741. Of this, \$18,697,664 is in unrestricted funds that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$4,082,534 from the previous fiscal year.
- Citywide revenues were \$22,610,342. Total revenues are composed of \$13,921,099 in general revenue dollars, \$3,875,174 in charges for services, \$623,826 in operating grants and contributions, and \$4,190,243 in capital grants and contributions.
- Citywide expenses were \$18,527,808 with public safety being the largest functional area at \$7,863,802, or approximately 42% of the total expenses.

Fund level

- The total fund balance for all governmental funds was \$29,571,274 at the close of the fiscal year. Of that amount, \$11,480,704 is nonspendable and \$8,323,281 is restricted and not available for spending. The remaining \$9,767,289 is unassigned. Additional information on the fund balances for all governmental funds is on page 21 of this report.
- General Fund net change in fund balance increased by \$1,880,927 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.
- Governmental fund balances increased by \$3,256,627 during fiscal year 2018-2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components as follows:

<u>Government-wide financial statements.</u> The government-wide financial statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These two statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances utilizing the full accrual method of accounting, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Under the full accrual method of accounting, transactions are reported as soon as the underlying events occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

<u>Statement of Net Position.</u> This report presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

<u>Statement of Activities.</u> The information presented in this report shows how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Functional activities are highlighted in this statement, whereby direct and indirect functional expenses are shown net of related program revenue. This statement shows the extent to which various functions depend on general taxes and non-program revenues for support.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (referred to as governmental activities), from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (referred to as business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, recreation/senior services, and community development. Program revenues finance approximately 32% of these activities and general revenues finance the difference.

The Government-wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 18 to 20 of this report.

<u>Fund financial statements.</u> The fund financial statements focus on current available resources and report the City's operations in more detail for the City's most significant funds. Each fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with authorities or legal mandates, restrictions or limitations. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds.</u> These statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information provides a short-term view of the City's general government operations and show whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The relationship between governmental activities and the governmental funds are reported on the Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position page of the Government-wide Financial Statements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is more narrow than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains twenty individual governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, special revenue funds and capital projects fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 to 24 of this report.

<u>Proprietary fund.</u> The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City's enterprise fund accounts for sewer construction and maintenance operations. The City's internal service funds account for equipment and maintenance services for the computer systems as well as vehicles owned by the City.

<u>Fiduciary funds.</u> These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 28 and 29 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes are on pages 30 to 56 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report contains other supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Activities

This analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental activities which are presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Table 1

	 2019	_	2018	_	Change	% Change	<u>; </u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 36,936,356	\$	33,271,782		\$ 3,664,574	11.01%	, D
Capital Assets	 34,736,076		35,067,108		(331,032)	-0.94%	o
Total Assets	 71,672,432		68,338,890		3,333,542	4.88%	Ď
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 1,985,526		2,237,908	_	(252,382)	-11.28%	, O
Other Liabilities	2,687,455		2,583,353		104,102	4.03%	, D
Long-term Liabilities	11,823,425		12,227,784		(404,359)	-3.31%	D
Total Liabilities	 14,510,880		14,811,137	_	(300,257)	-2.03%	, o
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 354,538		297,982	_	56,556	18.98%	, D
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	33,313,131		33,484,552		(171,421)	-0.51%	, D
Restricted	6,781,745		5,525,088		1,256,657	22.74%	, D
Unrestricted	 18,697,664		16,458,039		2,239,625	13.61%	, D
Total Net Position	\$ 58,792,540	\$	55,467,679		\$ 3,324,861	5.99%	, 0

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's governmental assets exceeded its liabilities by \$58,792,540 at the close of the fiscal year, an increase of \$3,324,861 or 5.99% from the previous year. The primary reasons for the increase in net position are as follows:

- Current and Other Assets increased by \$3,664,574 as a result of a delay in the construction
 of capital projects during the fiscal year, additional sales and use tax revenue received during
 the fiscal year, and an increase in the interest receivable amount related to long-term
 advances (see Note 3).
- Total Liabilities decreased by \$300,257 as a result of the City paying the current year portion
 of the City of Industry Loan Agreement and the net decrease in pension liability and OPEB
 liabilities. (see Note 6)

The largest portion of the City's net position is net investment in capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment/furniture, and infrastructure) valued at \$33,313,131, or 57%, less any related debt outstanding used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. The capital assets are not available for future spending. Resources needed to repay the related debt outstanding must be provided from other sources because the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of net position, \$6,781,745, or 11%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$18,697,664, or 32%, is unrestricted. This amount includes \$11,085,558 which represents the advances for the loans between the former Redevelopment Agency and the City and is not in spendable form. The remaining amount is \$7,612,106 and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Tabl	le 2		
	2019	2018	Change	% Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services Operating Grants and	\$ 2,355,546	\$ 2,477,665	\$ (122,119)	-4.93%
Contributions	623,826	812,396	(188,570)	-23.21%
Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues:	4,190,243	4,189,959	284	0.01%
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	7,014,532	6,681,270	333,262	4.99%
Franchise Taxes	1,024,742	1,023,365	1,377	0.13%
Sales and Use Taxes	4,082,950	3,150,107	932,843	29.61%
Property Transfer Taxes	66,951	86,091	(19,140)	-22.23%
Transient Occupancy Taxes	240,783	238,611	2,172	0.91%
Other Taxes	144,822	120,357	24,465	20.33%
Investment Income	943,308	246,179	697,129	283.18%
Other revenues	308,981	43,880	265,101	604.15%
Total revenues	20,996,684	19,069,880	1,926,804	10.10%
Expenses				
General Government	2,614,669	2,414,218	200,451	8.30%
Public Safety	7,210,847	7,039,317	171,530	2.44%
Public Works	2,482,313	3,235,695	(753,382)	-23.28%
Recreation/Senior Services	2,056,944	1,994,224	62,720	3.15%
Community Development	3,288,029	3,329,047	(41,018)	1.23%
Interest on Long-Term Debt	19,021		19,021	100.00%
Total expenses	17,671,823	18,012,501	(340,678)	-1.89%
Excess (deficiency) before special items	3,324,861	1,057,379	2,267,482	214.44%
Special Item – Distribution from Los Angeles County for Lighting Maintenance				
District		9,484,683	(<u>9,484,683)</u>	-100.00%
Increase (decrease) in net assets	3,324,861	10,542,062	(7,217,201)	-68.46%
Net position, beginning	55,467,679	47,052,666	8,415,013	17.88%
Prior Period Adjustments		(2,127,049)	2,127,049	-100.00%
Net position, ending	\$58,792,540	\$55,467,679	\$3,324,861	5.99%

The City's net position increased by \$3,324,861 during the fiscal year as a result of revenues being greater than expenses. The total cost of all City governmental activities was \$17,671,823 for the fiscal year. Net gain of all activities was \$3,324,861.

Total revenues increased by \$1,926,804 primarily due to the increase in property taxes, sales and use taxes, investment income, and other revenues as indicated above. Overall there was a decrease in expenses due to a reduction in public works projects. The full decrease was not realized because there was an increase in public safety and general government expenses.

Revenue Sources:

The revenue sources from governmental activities presented in Table 2 are illustrated in Figure 1 below to show the percentage relationship of these revenues to each other, as well as their impact on the City's total resources.

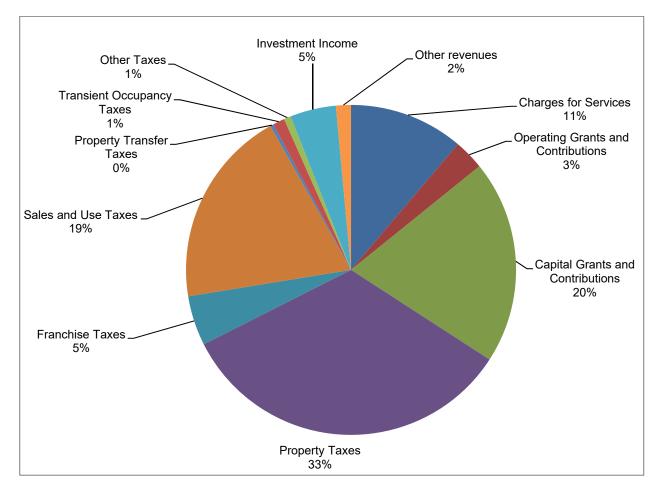


Figure 1
Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

As shown in Figure 1, about 59% of the City's total governmental revenues are from taxes, which are primarily comprised of property, sales and use, transient occupancy, and franchise taxes. Program revenues totaled 34% of the total resources and investment income and miscellaneous income amounted to 7% of the total governmental revenues for the year.

Expense and Program Revenues:

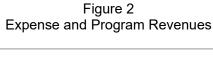
The City's expenses in connection with its governmental activities are categorized by function, namely general government, public safety, public works, recreation/senior services, and community development. The program revenues associated with these governmental activities are classified into three categories which are charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions.

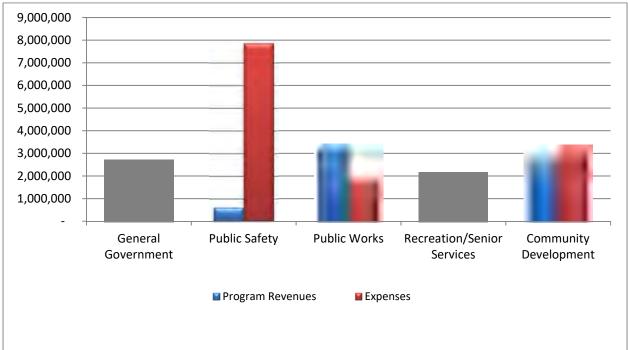
Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$3,324,861. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Sales and Use Taxes increased by \$932,843. This increase was due to the implementation
 of the Measure LP sales tax that went into effect on April 1, 2019 as well as an overall
 increase in sales and use tax received during the year.
- Investment Income increased by \$697,129. This increase was due to a better overall performance of the City's investment as well as the favorable market value adjustment as of June 30, 2019.
- Other Revenues increased by \$265,101. This increase was due to the City receiving development impact fee totaling \$100,000 as well as the rebate check from Southern California Edison for the installation of LED on the street lights throughout the City.
- Total expenses decreased by \$340,678. This was largely due to increased expenses in general government \$200,451 and public safety \$171,530 while public works expenses decreased (\$753,382). The general government increase was a result of staff changes within the City Manager's department as well as election costs in the City Clerk department that did not occur in the prior year. The public safety increase was a result of contractual increases with LA County Sheriff. Public works decreases were primarily the result of capital projects activity that occurred during the prior year and the lack of similar activity in the current year.

The relationship of the City's program revenues with the related governmental functions is illustrated in Figure 2 below.

Public works and community development services are largely funded by program revenues. The general government, public safety, and recreation/senior services receive limited program revenue and are primarily funded with general revenues of the City. It is typical for governmental programs to be subsidized by General Fund revenues, as the program revenues are generally not adequate to finance the governmental programs.





Business-type Activities

The analysis of business-type activities focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's sewer construction/maintenance functions which are presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Table 3
Business-type Activities Net Position

		2019	<u> </u>		2018
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,58	5,793	\$	4,960,982
Capital Assets		10,18	6,384		10,328,973
Total Assets		15,77	2,177		15,289,955
Deferred Amounts on Refunding		55	6,511		585,801
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			6,511		585,801
Other Liabilities		38	0,487		350,228
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding		8,03	5,000		8,370,000
Total Liabilities		8,41	5,487		8,720,228
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,37	2,895		2,219,774
Restricted			0,306		4,935,754
Total net position	\$	7,91	3,201	\$	7,155,528
Table 4 Business-type Activities Chan	ge in	Net P	osition		
	_		2019		2018
Revenues		_	2010		
Charges for Services		9	51,519,6	28	\$1,325,479
Investment Income			94,0		70,912
Total Revenues			1,613,6	58_	1,396,391
Expenses					
Sewer Assessment			577,4	87	574,300
Other Expenses			278,4		287,898
Total Expenses			855,9	85	862,198
Excess of Revenues over Expenses			757,6	73	534,193
Change in Net Position			757,6	73	534,193
Net Position, Beginning			7,155,5	28_	6,621,355
Net Position, Ending		_9	57,913,2	01	\$7,155,528

The net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$757,673. As shown in Table 3, "Current and Other Assets" reflects an increase of \$624,811. The increase is primarily a result of capital projects, which had been planned for the 2018-2019 fiscal year and would have used current resources, not commencing by year-end resulting in an increase of cash balances. Further, the City's business-type activities show a decrease in liabilities of \$304,741. This decrease is due to the current year payment of the 2016 Sewer Revenue Refunding bond payment.

The City's business-type revenues exceeded program expenses by \$757,673 as shown in Table 4. Revenues increased by \$217,267 during the year due to additional property tax monies received and investment income. There was also a decrease in expenditures this year in the amount of \$6,213.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S MAJOR FUNDS

Governmental Funds – Fund Level

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Focusing on financial resources, the City's Governmental Funds provide information on near-term inflows and outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the City's ability to meet financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of government net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

- Fund Balance As of June 30, 2019, the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$29,571,274, which increased by \$3,256,627 or 7.9% from the prior year fund balance.
- Fund Balance Classification
 - ➤ The City has \$11,480,704 in non-spendable fund balance as of June 30, 2019. Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples are inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term receivables, or land held for resale.
 - ➤ Restricted fund balance amounted to \$8,323,281 at June 30, 2019. Restricted fund balance includes resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions.
 - ➤ The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$9,772,265. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the City's General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Major activities in the Governmental Funds in the current fiscal year include the following:

• General Fund – The General Fund ended the year with a \$21,252,969 fund balance, an increase of \$1,880,927 from the previous year. The reason for the increase in fund balance from fiscal year 2017-2018 was due to an increase in revenue from taxes such as property and sales and use tax and investment income related to better performance of investments as well as the market value adjustment at June 30, 2019. General government, public safety, and public works expenditures increased from the prior year but were offset by the fact that there were no capital outlay expenditures in the current year. This resulted in a small increase in expenditures from the prior year.

- General Fund Revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$2,068,870. This was primarily due to property tax revenues being \$1,004,692 higher than projected as a result of the City receiving additional property tax; the receipt of higher sales tax including sales tax revenue from Measure LP than anticipated; and licenses and permits, as well as charges for services, being \$278,716 and \$242,611, respectively, higher than projected due to greater development activity during the year. Investment income was also higher than projected by \$482,717 due to better investment performance during the year as well as the market value adjustment at June 30, 2019.
- Expenditures were \$56,219 higher than budgeted amounts. Public safety and recreation/senior services expenditures had favorable budget variances of \$262,935 and \$116,107, respectively. The public safety expenditure decrease was a result of staffing vacancies. The recreation/senior services decrease was a result of staffing vacancies and savings on community events. Public works and community development had unfavorable budget variances of \$133,032 and \$340,150, respectively. The public works expenditure increase was a result of unforeseen repairs to the City Hall air conditioning unit. The community development expenditure increase was a result of building and safety permits issued and the payment to the contractor that provides the service on behalf of the City.
- Lighting and Landscape fund revenue exceeded budget revenues by \$193,260. This
 was due to the City receiving a rebate check for the energy efficiency improvement
 project. Expenditures were \$86,091 higher than budgeted amounts. The community
 development expenditures came in under budget due to a savings related to energy
 consumption based on the energy efficiency improvement project. This reduction was
 offset by an increase in the projects costs related to the same energy efficiency
 improvement project.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 is \$44,922,460. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, furniture, fixtures, and computer software and hardware. Infrastructure assets are reported at cost, where historical records are available and at estimated cost where no historical records exist.

The net decrease (additions minus deletions) in capital assets for the fiscal year was \$473,621. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements. Table 5 shows a summary of changes in capital assets (net of depreciation) as of June 30, 2019.

Table 5 Capital Assets

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,621,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,621,179
Construction In Progress	399,725	1,236,496	354,096	1,282,125
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	4,020,904	1,236,496	354,096	4,903,304
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	21,826,082	271,266	-	22,097,348
Equipment & Furniture	2,175,054	87,221	65,537	2,196,738
Infrastructure	38,263,209	15,000	<u> </u>	38,278,209
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	62,264,345	373,487	65,537	62,572,295
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Improvements	(10,619,622)	(867,221)	_	(11,486,843)
Equipment & Furniture	(1,431,278)	(139,605)	(65,537)	(1,505,346)
Infrastructure	(19,167,241)	(580,093)	<u>-</u> _	(19,747,334)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(31,218,141)	(1,586,919)	(65,537)	(32,739,523)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	31,046,204	(1,213,432)		29,832,772
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$35,067,108	\$ 23,064	\$ 354,096	<u>\$34,736,076</u>
Business-type Activities: Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Construction In Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>\$</u>	\$ 44,310 44,310	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 44,310 44,310
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Sewer Collection System (Lines) Less Accumulated Depreciation Business Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	11,213,960 (884,987) \$10,328,973	(186,899) <u>\$(142,589)</u>	- <u>-</u> \$ -	11,213,960 (1,071,886) \$10,186,384

Debt Administration

In November 2007 the City issued the 2007 Sewer Revenue Bonds for \$10,260,000. The City refinanced the bonds in August 2016 (2016 Sewer Refunding Bonds) to take advantage of lower interest rates. The refunding of the 2007 Sewer Revenue Bonds resulted in an annual savings of approximately \$62,000 in debt service payments through 2037. The debt service payment on the bonds will be made by the sewer fees collected from the City residents on their property tax bills.

In October 2015, the City signed an agreement with the City of Industry for a \$5,952,908 loan to be used for Valley Boulevard improvements. To date, the City has received \$1,422,945 of the loan proceeds. This figure includes an additional \$30,110 that was received in the current year that is offset by the current year payment of \$189,721. The loan has a term of 30 years at a simple interest rate of .33% (the LAIF interest rate at the time of signing). Payments on the loan were to be in the amount of \$208,741.57 annually and will be made from annual Measure R funds received by the City, however during the 2018-19 fiscal year; the City will not draw on any additional funds on this loan. A new amortization schedule was developed and approved by the City of Industry in October 2019 and the new annual payment will be \$53,287.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY ANALYSIS

The revenue budget for fiscal year 2018-19 was \$12,578,100. Actual General Fund revenues were higher than the final budgeted revenues by \$2,068,870. Most categories of revenues collected were higher than the budgeted projections. "Taxes" were \$1,004,692 higher than projected due to sales tax and property tax received being higher than anticipated. "Licenses and Permits" and "Charges for Services" were higher than anticipated as a result of increased development activity. "Investment Income" revenues were higher than expected due to the market value adjustment for investments.

Appropriations were budgeted at \$12,636,810. General Fund expenditures were \$12,785,967 which includes a transfer out of \$92,938. Factoring out the transfers, General Fund expenditures were \$56,219 more than the final budgeted expenditures. Public works and community development expenditures had unfavorable budget variances of \$133,032 and \$340,150, respectively. An increase in public works was a result of unforeseen repairs to the City Hall Air conditioning unit. The community development increase was a result of building and safety permits issued and the payment to the contractor that provides the service on behalf of the City. The unfavorable variances were offset by a decrease in expenditures in public safety and recreation/senior services totaling \$379,042. The public safety decrease in public safety expenditures was due to staffing vacancies and the decrease in recreation/senior services was also related to staffing vacancies and savings on community events.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

The fiscal outlook for the region comprising Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, Imperial and Ventura counties expects milder growth in 2020. The rapid job growth, with full employment for the past year is slowing down. This is primarily based on employers having a hard time finding qualified new employees. Weakness in housing as well as the slowing U.S. economy is reflected in a very modest growth rate in the U.S. in late 2020. As a consequence, the expectation for average unemployment is expected to rise slightly to an average of 4.6% in the first quarter of 2021. For the entire year for 2020 and 2021, the expectation is that average unemployment will be 4.3% and 4.4%, respectively. Employment growth is expected to be 0.8% and 0.4%, while payroll jobs will likely grow at a rate of 0.8% and 0.6% for 2020 and 2021, respectively. Home building will be lower by about 9,000 units this year than previously forecasted, but grow to about 146,000 units run-rate by the end of the 2021 forecast. The significant building rate toward the end of the forecast will be a response to easing zoning and regulatory requirements for developers, and an expected reduction in interest rates by 2021. The City is projecting a slight increase in General Fund revenues in the coming year as property values continue to recover and the resulting property taxes increase. Additionally, the City is anticipating an increase in sales tax with the passage of Measure LP in November 2018 as well continued economic development efforts. As costs of providing service to the residents and businesses in La Puente continue to rise, City staff will diligently pursue opportunities to increase revenues and decrease expenditures.

The City's economic outlook and major initiatives for the coming year are discussed in detail in the accompanying Transmittal Letter.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of La Puente's finances for all those interested in them. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City's Finance Department, at 15900 E. Main Street, La Puente, California, 91744.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of La Puente Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 17,438,568	\$ 5,570,736	\$ 23,009,304
Accounts Receivable	320,932	-	320,932
Interest Receivable	4,662,032	_	4,662,032
Loans Receivable	1,404,257	_	1,404,257
Due From Other Governments	1,620,217	15,057	1,635,274
Prepaid Items	404,792	, -	404,792
Advance to Successor Agency, Net	11,085,558	-	11,085,558
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	4,903,304	44,310	4,947,614
Capital Assets, Depreciated, Net	29,832,772	10,142,074	39,974,846
Total Assets	71,672,432	15,772,177	87,444,609
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Amounts on Refunding	-	556,511	556,511
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,333,202	, -	1,333,202
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	652,324	_	652,324
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,985,526	556,511	2,542,037
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,904,869	25,050	1,929,919
Interest Payable	 -	20,437	20,437
Due to Other Agencies	511,190	, -	511,190
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	271,396	335,000	606,396
Due in More Than One Year	11,823,425	8,035,000	19,858,425
Total Liabilities	14,510,880	8,415,487	22,926,367
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	354,538		354,538
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,313,131	2,372,895	35,686,026
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,	, ,
Street Projects	3,029,306	-	3,029,306
Public Works	1,692,971	-	1,692,971
Housing	1,594,037	-	1,594,037
Community Development	465,431	-	465,431
Sewer Operations	-	5,540,306	5,540,306
Unrestricted	18,697,664		18,697,664
Total Net Position	\$ 58,792,540	\$ 7,913,201	\$ 66,705,741

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

City of La Puente Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues		
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 2,614,669	\$ 234,071	\$ -	\$ -
Public Safety	7,210,847	459,802	161,118	-
Public Works	2,482,313	27,686	-	3,310,563
Recreation/Senior Services	2,056,944	201,109	15,175	-
Community Development	3,288,029	1,432,878	447,533	879,680
Interest Expense	19,021			
Total Governmental Activities	17,671,823	2,355,546	623,826	4,190,243
Business-type Activities:				
Sewer Assessment	855,985	1,519,628		
Total Business-type Activities	855,985	1,519,628		
Total Primary Government	\$ 18,527,808	\$ 3,875,174	\$ 623,826	\$ 4,190,243

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes

Franchise Taxes

Sales Taxes

Property Transfer Tax

Transient Occupancy Tax

Business License Taxes

Investment Income

Other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (2,380,598) (6,589,927) 855,936 (1,840,660) (527,938) (19,021)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (2,380,598) (6,589,927) 855,936 (1,840,660) (527,938) (19,021)
(10,502,208)		(10,502,208)
	663,643 663,643	663,643 663,643 (9,838,565)
7,014,532 1,024,742 4,082,950 66,951 240,783 144,822 943,308 308,981	- - - - - 94,030	7,014,532 1,024,742 4,082,950 66,951 240,783 144,822 1,037,338 308,981
13,827,069	94,030	13,921,099
3,324,861 55,467,679	757,673 7,155,528	4,082,534
\$ 58,792,540	\$ 7,913,201	\$ 66,705,741

City of La Puente Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,281,616	\$ 1,638,590	\$ 6,107,994	\$ 17,028,200
Accounts Receivable	272,333	-	48,599	320,932
Interest Receivable	4,662,032	-	-	4,662,032
Loans Receivable	-	-	1,404,257	1,404,257
Due from Other Governments	1,251,255	38,561	330,401	1,620,217
Due from Other Funds	154,284	-	-	154,284
Prepaid Items	395,146	2,958	6,688	404,792
Advances to Successor Agency	11,085,558			11,085,558
Total Assets	\$ 27,102,224	\$ 1,680,109	\$ 7,897,939	\$ 36,680,272
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 1,301,526	\$ 138,573	\$ 451,765	\$ 1,891,864
Due to Other Agencies	Ψ 1,001,020	Ψ 100,070	φ 451,765 511,190	φ 1,001,004 511,190
Due to Other Funds	_	_	154,284	154,284
Duo to Other Farings			104,204	104,204
Total Liabilities	1,301,526	138,573	1,117,239	2,557,338
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenues - Interest	4,547,729	_	_	4,547,729
Unavailable Revenues - Grants	-,047,725		3,931	3,931
Chavallable Neverlage Charles			0,001	0,001
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,547,729		3,931	4,551,660
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	11,480,704	_	-	11,480,704
Restricted	-	1,541,536	6,781,745	8,323,281
Unassigned	9,772,265	-	(4,976)	9,767,289
•				
Total Fund Balances	21,252,969	1,541,536	6,776,769	29,571,274
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 27,102,224	\$ 1,680,109	\$ 7,897,939	\$ 36,680,272
·				

City of La Puente Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

Fund Balances for Governmental Funds

\$ 29,571,274

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activitites, net of depreciation, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation		66,066,611 (31,806,641)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Balances at June 30, 2019 are:		
Loan Agreement		(1,422,945)
Compensated Absences		(251,030)
Net Pension Liability		(6,845,330)
Net OPEB Liability		(3,575,516)
Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are report as unavailable revenue in the funds.		4,551,660
Amounts for deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		1,333,202
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		(354,538)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		652,324
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment purchases to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		873,469
idina are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	-	073,409
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	58,792,540

City of La Puente Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 11,660,592	\$ 826,730	\$ -	\$ 12,487,322
Licenses and Permits	917,616	-	-	917,616
Intergovernmental	47,075	-	4,838,309	4,885,384
Charges for Services	963,111	-	172,378	1,135,489
Fines and Forfeitures	351,735	-	-	351,735
Investment Income	567,717	26,398	91,394	685,509
Other Revenue	139,124	144,732		283,856
Total Revenues	14,646,970	997,860	5,102,081	20,746,911
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	2,570,154	_	12,518	2,582,672
Public Safety	7,062,100	_	148,747	7,210,847
Public Works	586,832	_	828,254	1,415,086
Recreation/Senior Services	1,266,993	_	-	1,266,993
Community Development	1,206,950	754,221	1,286,725	3,247,896
Capital Outlay	-	1,037,860	550,298	1,588,158
Debt Service:		, ,	,	, ,
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	_	19,021	19,021
Principal	-	_	189,721	189,721
•	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Expenditures	12,693,029	1,792,081	3,035,284	17,520,394
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	1,953,941	(794,221)	2,066,797	3,226,517
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	10.001		004.000	224 224
Transfers In	19,924	-	301,680	321,604
Transfers Out	(92,938)	-	(228,666)	(321,604)
Issuance of Debt		·	30,110	30,110
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(73,014)	. <u>-</u>	103,124	30,110
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,880,927	(794,221)	2,169,921	3,256,627
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	19,372,042	2,335,757	4,606,848	26,314,647
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 21,252,969	\$ 1,541,536	\$ 6,776,769	\$ 29,571,274

City of La Puente

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 3,256,627

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period and also the net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and donations):

Capital Expenditures	1,174,466
Depreciation Expense	(1,498,411)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. These amounts are the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:

Principal Payments	189,721
Debt Incurred	(30,110)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated Absences	(7,964)
Net Pension Liability	70,228
Net OPEB Liability	206,159

Amounts for deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability are not reported in the funds. This is the net change in deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability:

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	(335,977)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	(56,556)
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	83.595

Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities are not considered to be available to finance current expenditures and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.

249,773

The change in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.

23,310

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,324,861

City of La Puente Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund Sewer Assessment	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,570,736	\$ 410,368	
Due from Other Governments	15,057	-	
Prepaid Items			
Total Current Assets	5,585,793	410,368	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:			
Construction in Progress	44,310	-	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:			
Sewer Collection Systems	11,213,960	-	
Vehicles	-	994,493	
Furniture and Equipment	<u>-</u>	414,495	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,071,886)	(932,882)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,186,384	476,106	
Total Assets	15,772,177	886,474	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Amounts on Refunding	556,511		
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	25,050	13,005	
Interest Payable	20,437	-	
Bonds Payable - Current	335,000		
Total Current Liabilities	380,487	13,005	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds Payable	8,035,000	_	
Bondo i dijabio	0,000,000		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	8,035,000		
Total Liabilities	8,415,487	13,005	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment In Capital Assets	2,372,895	476,106	
Unrestricted	5,540,306	397,363	
Total Net Position	\$ 7,913,201	\$ 873,469	

City of La Puente Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund Sewer Assessment	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,519,628	\$ 294,300	
Total Operating Revenues	1,519,628	294,300	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Other General Expenses	390,588	190,193	
Depreciation	186,899	88,508	
Total Operating Expenses	577,487	278,701	
Operating Income (Loss)	942,141	15,599	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest Income	94,030	7,711	
Interest Expense	(278,498)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues			
(Expenses)	(184,468)	7,711	
Change in Net Position	757,673	23,310	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	7,155,528	850,159	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 7,913,201	\$ 873,469	

City of La Puente Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ent	siness-type Activities- erprise Fund er Assessment	Α	vernmental .ctivities - rnal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers and Contractors	\$	1,540,706 (369,536)	\$	294,300 (186,301)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,171,170		107,999
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments for Purchase of Property and Equipment Principal Paid on Long-term Debt Interest Paid		(44,310) (325,000) (250,001)		(81,421) - -
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(619,311)		(81,421)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Received		94,030		7,711
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		645,889		34,289
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		4,924,847		376,079
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	5,570,736	\$	410,368
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	942,141	\$	15,599
Depreciation		186,899		88,508
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		21,078 - 21,052		6,300 (2,408)
TOTAL CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,171,170	\$	107,999
Schedule of Non-cash Capital and Related Financing Activities Amortization of Deferred Amounts on Refunding	\$	29,290	\$	-

City of La Puente Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2019

			Priva	esor Agency ate-Purpose
	Age	Agency Funds		rust Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	459,516	\$	598,395
Cash with Fiscal Agent				137,527
Total Assets	\$	459,516		735,922
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	32,069		33,915
Deposits Payable		427,447		-
Interest Payable		-		60,447
Advances from the City		_		15,619,353
Bonds Payable				3,335,000
Total Liabilities	\$	459,516		19,048,715
NET POSITION				
Net Position Held in Trust for Successor Agency			\$ ((18,312,793)

City of La Puente Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Succesor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS Taxes	\$ 672,912		
Interest Income	2,914		
Total Additions	675,826		
DEDUCTIONS			
Administration and Pass-throughs	19,624		
Interest on Advance from City	61,757		
Interest on Bonds	478,005_		
Total Deductions	559,386		
Change in Net Position	116,440		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	(18,429,233)		
Net Position - End of Year	\$ (18,312,793)		

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Description of Reporting Entity

The City of La Puente was incorporated August 1, 1956 under the general laws of the State of California, and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" Cities. It is governed by a five-member council.

The accompanying financial statements present the City of La Puente and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Discretely presented component units, if any, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. There are no discretely presented component units presented in these financial statements.

Blended Component Units

The City of La Puente Public Financing Authority is a Joint Exercise of Powers Authority organized and existing under and by virtue of the Joint Exercise of Power Act of the Government Code of the State of California. The City and the former Community Development Commission formed the Authority by the execution of a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement. The primary purpose of the Authority is to issue bonds and make loans to the City and former Community Development Commission. The City appoints the voting majority of the board and is able to impose its will on this component unit. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the Authority.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government (including its blended component units) is reported separately from discretely presented component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The City has no discretely presented component units.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all the eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are both collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period, except for certain grants which are considered available if collected within 7 months after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Classifications

The funds designated as major funds are determined by a mathematical calculation consistent with GASB Statement No. 34, as amended. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District Fund</u> is used to account for special benefit assessments levied on property owners and used to pay for street lighting and landscape maintenance.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Sewer Assessment Fund is used to account for the repair and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The City also reports the following fund types:

The <u>Internal Service Fund</u> is used to account for the replacement of City owned and operated vehicles, furniture and equipment, except for vans used in transit operations. The costs are accumulated in this fund and allocated as interfund user charges to other City departments.

The <u>Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for the activities of the former La Puente Community Development Commission.

The <u>Agency Funds</u> are used to account for collection and payment of such items as performance bond deposits.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Direct expenses have not been eliminated from the functional categories; indirect expenses and internal payments have been eliminated.

D) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash equivalents also represent the proprietary funds' share in the cash and investment pool of the City of La Puente. Cash equivalents have an original maturity date of three months or less from the date of purchase.

E) Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value (which represents the quoted or stated market value), except for nonparticipating certificates of deposit and investment contracts that would be reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. The City pools cash from all funds in order to increase income earned through its investment program. Investment income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Investment income is allocated on a quarterly basis based on the weighted average cash balance in each fund.

F) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Assets purchased in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of 2 years or more. Infrastructure is capitalized if cost is in excess of \$50,000 and it has an expected useful life of 2 years or more. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset's lives are not capitalized.

Major capital outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For debt-financed capital assets in proprietary funds, interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalization value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Capital assets acquired through lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the date acquired. Donated capital assets received prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 were recorded at fair value on the date of donation. Donated capital assets received subsequent to the implementation of GASB 72 are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary funds. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective statement of net position. The ranges of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements 15 - 40 years Equipment and Furniture 5 - 10 years Infrastructure 20 - 60 years

G) Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, a liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances is attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payment upon termination or retirement.

Under GASB Statement No. 16, a liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is to be estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. It is the practice of the City to record a liability for one half of the unused sick leave balance. After five years of service, employees are able to receive a termination payment at the rate of one half of the employee's regular straight time hourly rate of pay at the time of termination.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

All leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Leave benefits are generally liquidated by the general fund.

H) Claims and Judgments

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year-end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. For governmental funds, if claims will not be liquidated from currently available resources, they are recorded only in the government-wide financial statements.

I) Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

As a no-low property tax City, the City is allocated the minimum amount (6.6%) required by law. The County bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied provided that the revenue is collected during the year or within 60 days of year-end. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1, and are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1. Such taxes become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively.

J) Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

K) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheet for the governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows related to the pension contributions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. In addition, the City reports deferred outflows relating to the 2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheet for the governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, and another, which is a result of the

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

City's implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which qualify for reporting in this category. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the item, *unavailable revenues*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, special assessments, grant receivables, and other miscellaneous receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

L) Fund Equity

In the government-wide, proprietary funds, and fiduciary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories.

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Position

This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u>

This category represents the net position of the City that is not externally restricted for any project or other purpose.

M) Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the statement of net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position.

N) Fund Balances

Fund balances in governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

<u>Nonspendable</u> - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action or resolution of the City's highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specific use through the same type of formal action or resolution taken to establish the commitment. The City has no committed fund balances.

<u>Assigned</u> - This classification consists of funds that are set aside for specific purposes by the City's highest level of decision making authority or a body or official that has been given the authority to assign funds. The City Council delegates the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager for purposes of reporting in the annual financial statements. The City has no assigned fund balances.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

O) Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

GASB has issued the following Statements, which may impact the City's financial reporting requirements in the future:

GASB 84 - Fiduciary Activities: This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB 87 – Leases: This Statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

GASB 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period: This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB 90 – Majority Equity Interests: The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

P) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of La Puente's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within curtained defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2018

Measurement Period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

Statement of Net Position: Cash and Investments	\$ 23,009,304
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position: Cash and Investments	1,057,911
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent	 137,527
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,204,742
Petty Cash	\$ 2,200
Deposits with Financial Institutions	740,763
Investments	 23,461,779
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,204,742

Year Ended June 30, 2019

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	
		Allowable	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Investment	Investment
Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Percentage	In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	15%	2%
Repurchase Agreements	7 days	15%	None
Money Market Savings Accounts	N/A	None	\$250,000
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	5%
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	5% of Pool	None
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	\$250,000
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	\$250,000
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$65,000,000

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to this risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remai						
	12 Months		13 to 24		25-60			
Investment Type		or Less	Months		Months		Fair Value	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$	-	\$	506,738	\$	749,046	\$	1,255,784
Federal Home Loan Bank		749,105		526,938		748,058		2,024,101
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp		499,038		249,883		994,760		1,743,681
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.		498,408		494,823		993,341		1,986,572
Local Agency Obligations		-		-		255,930		255,930
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		-		1,966,357		4,462,045		6,428,402
LAIF		7,380,689		-		-		7,380,689
Corporate Bonds		499,801		-		1,749,292		2,249,093
Held by Fiscal Agent:								
Money Market Mutual Funds		137,527				-		137,527
Total	\$	9,764,568	\$	3,744,739	\$	9,952,472	\$	23,461,779

Year Ended June 30, 2019

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code or the City's investment policy and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

			Rating as of Year End			
Investment Type	Total Investment	Minimum Legal Rating	AAA/AA	A and A-1	Unrated	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$ 1,255,784	N/A	\$ 1,255,784	\$ -	\$ -	
Federal Home Loan Bank	2,024,101	N/A	2,024,101	-	-	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	. 1,743,681	N/A	1,743,681	-	-	
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	1,986,572	N/A	1,986,572	-	-	
Local Agency Obligations	255,930	N/A	255,930	-	-	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	6,428,402	N/A	-	-	6,428,402	
LAIF	7,380,689	N/A	-	-	7,380,689	
Corporate Bonds	2,249,093	Α	998,339	1,250,754	-	
Held by Bond Trustee:						
Money Market Mutual Fund	137,527	N/A	137,527			
Total	\$ 23,461,779		\$ 8,401,934	\$ 1,250,754	\$ 13,809,091	

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2019, the City had no investments in any one issuer (other than LAIF) that represent 5% or more of total City investments, except for investments in federal agency securities.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2019, no deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities.

Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF). As of June 30, 2019, none of the City's investments were held by the broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City to purchase the securities.

Fair Value

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

- Federal Agency securities of \$7,010,138 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).
- Local Agency Obligations of \$255,930 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).
- Negotiable Certificates of Deposit of \$6,428,402 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).
- Corporate Bonds of \$2,249,093 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Entity's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based on the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio).

The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Information regarding LAIF's and the City's exposure to risk (credit, market, or legal) is not currently available.

3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Amounts Due To and Due From Other Funds

As of June 30, 2019, the General Fund is reporting \$154,284 as due from the other funds. The \$154,284 is due from the Other Governmental Funds. These outstanding balances between funds result from temporary borrowings to cover operating deficits.

Long-term Advances

As of June 30, 2019, the City's General Fund had advanced to the former Community Development Commission (CDC) \$15,633,287 (net of repayments), including interest receivable of \$4,547,729, to assist in redevelopment activities. In June 2011, Assembly Bill 26 (1st extraordinary session) dissolved the former CDC, effective (after some litigation on the matter) February 1, 2012.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

3) INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

On April 26, 2013, the Department of Finance allowed the loan to be placed on the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) as an enforceable obligation.

The principal balance of the receivable of \$11,085,558 accrues simple interest of 3% per year in accordance with Senate Bill 107. Repayment of the advance by the Successor Agency is contingent upon excess property taxes received by the Successor Agency after paying all other enforceable obligations. There is no established repayment schedule due to the uncertainty of the amounts available for repayment in a given year.

The entire principal portion of the receivable is included in non-spendable fund balance in the General Fund and the accrued interest receivable is included in deferred inflows as unavailable revenue.

Transfers In and Transfers Out

During the 2018-19 fiscal year, the following interfund transfers were made:

		Trans				
				Other		
		General	Governmental			
Transfers Out	Fund		Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	92,938	\$	92,938
Other Governmental Funds		19,924		208,742		228,666
Total	\$	19,924	\$	301,680	\$	321,604

The General Fund transferred \$92,938 to the Other Governmental Funds for the Housing Successor Fund and other project costs; the Measure R Fund transferred \$208,742 to the Capital Projects Fund for the payment of the City of Industry loan.

4) LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City uses Housing and Community Development Block Grant and Cal-Home Grant funds to provide deferred payment housing rehabilitation loans to eligible applicants. Such loans are made to low- and moderate- income persons to improve or rehabilitate residences.

Loan repayments are deferred until homes are sold or change title. The City accounts for this program in the Special Revenue CDBG and Cal-Home Grant Funds. Rehabilitation loans receivable of \$1,404,257 at June 30, 2019 have been reflected in the accompanying financial statements as loans receivable.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

5) CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the 2018-19 fiscal year:

0 (14.4)	Beginning			D 1 "		Ending		
Governmental Activities:		Balance		Additions	L	Deletions		Balance
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,621,179	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,621,179
Construction in Progress		399,725		1,236,496		354,096		1,282,125
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		4,020,904		1,236,496		354,096		4,903,304
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		21,826,082		271,266		-		22,097,348
Equipment and Furniture		2,175,054		87,221		65,537		2,196,738
Infrastructure		38,263,209		15,000		<u> </u>		38,278,209
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated		62,264,345		373,487		65,537		62,572,295
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements	((10,619,622)		(867,221)		-		(11,486,843)
Equipment and Furniture		(1,431,278)		(139,605)		(65,537)		(1,505,346)
Infrastructure		(19,167,241)		(580,093)				(19,747,334)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	((31,218,141)		(1,586,919)		(65,537)		(32,739,523)
Net Capital Assets, Depreciated		31,046,204		(1,213,432)				29,832,772
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	35,067,108	\$	23,064	\$	354,096	\$	34,736,076
Business-type Activities:								
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated								
Construction in Progress	\$		\$	44,310	\$		\$	44,310
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated				44,310		-		44,310
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Sewer Collection System		11,213,960				-		11,213,960
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated		11,213,960						11,213,960
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Sewer Collection System		(884,987)		(186,899)				(1,071,886)
Net Capital Assets, Depreciated		10,328,973		(186,899)		-		10,142,074
Business-type Activities Capital Assets	\$	10,328,973	\$	(142,589)	\$		\$	10,186,384

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 14,792
Public Works	653,535
Recreation/Senior Services	789,951
Community Development	40,133
Capital Assets held by internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on usage of the assets	 88,508
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,586,919

Year Ended June 30, 2019

6) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Loan Payable from Direct Borrowing:					
City of Industry Loan Agreement	\$ 1,582,556	\$ 30,110	\$ 189,721	\$ 1,422,945	\$ 48,591
Compensated Absences	243,066	214,235	206,271	251,030	222,805
Net OPEB Liability	3,781,675	145,450	351,609	3,575,516	-
Net Pension Liability	6,915,558	789,040	859,268	6,845,330	
Total	\$ 12,522,855	\$ 1,178,835	\$ 1,606,869	\$ 12,094,821	\$ 271,396
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable from Direct Borrowing:					
2016 Sewer Refunding Bonds	\$ 8,695,000	\$ -	\$ 325,000	\$ 8,370,000	\$ 335,000
Total	\$ 8,695,000	\$ -	\$ 325,000	\$ 8,370,000	\$ 335,000

City of Industry Loan Agreement

In October of 2015, the City entered into an agreement to borrow funds from the City of Industry to finance construction of a sound wall and other improvements on Valley Boulevard. The City of Industry has agreed to lend the City of La Puente up to \$5,952,908 for these improvements, at a simple interest rate of .33%. As of June 30, 2019, the City has borrowed \$1,422,945 on this loan, net of \$378,818 in principal payments. The agreement provides for annual loan repayments of \$208,742, commencing November 1, 2017, however, during the 2018-19 fiscal year, the City decided not to draw down any additional funds on this loan. A new amortization schedule was developed and approved by the City of Industry in October 2019. The following represents the future debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 48,591	\$ 4,696	\$ 53,287
2021	48,752	4,535	53,287
2022	48,913	4,374	53,287
2023	49,074	4,213	53,287
2024	49,236	4,051	53,287
2025-2029	248,629	17,806	266,435
2030-2034	252,758	13,677	266,435
2035-2039	256,955	9,480	266,435
2040-2044	261,224	5,211	266,435
2045-2047	158,813	1,048	159,861
Totals	\$ 1,422,945	\$ 69,091	\$ 1,492,036

Year Ended June 30, 2019

6) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

2016 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds

In August of 2016, the La Puente Financing Authority (a component unit of the City of La Puente) issued \$9,340,000 in Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the 2007 Sewer Revenue Bonds. Proceeds from the 2016 bonds were placed in escrow to refund in full the 2007 bonds, and to pay costs of issuance. As a result, the 2007 bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from these financial statements.

The 2016 bonds mature in amounts from \$315,000 to \$565,000 annually from 2017 to 2038, with interest payments of 2.93% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds were issued to provide funds to construct improvements for the City's sewer system. The bonds are payable from and secured by the Authority's pledge under the indenture of that portion of "Revenues" necessary to pay debt service on the bonds and any parity bonds issued under the indenture. "Revenues" are derived of installment payments to be made by the City pursuant to an Installment Sale Agreement dated as of November 1, 2007, between the City and the Authority. Installment payments are payable from net revenues, defined generally as gross revenues received from the sewer system, less maintenance and operation costs.

Pledged revenues for subsequent fiscal years through 2038 are estimated at \$11.0 million. This represents approximately 48% of the total revenues from the sewer system. The pledged revenues for the 2018-19 fiscal year amounted to approximately \$1 million, while the debt service requirements on the related debt were approximately \$575,000. Future debt service requirements on the 2016 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 335,000	\$ 240,333	\$ 575,333
2021	345,000	230,371	575,371
2022	355,000	220,116	575,116
2023	365,000	209,568	574,568
2024	375,000	198,727	573,727
2025	390,000	187,520	577,520
2026	400,000	175,947	575,947
2027	410,000	164,080	574,080
2028	420,000	151,921	571,921
2029	435,000	139,395	574,395
2030	450,000	126,430	576,430
2031	460,000	113,098	573,098
2032	475,000	99,400	574,400
2033	485,000	85,336	570,336
2034	505,000	70,833	575,833
2035	520,000	55,817	575,817
2036	530,000	40,434	570,434
2037	550,000	24,612	574,612
2038	565,000	8,277	573,277
Totals	\$ 8,370,000	\$ 2,542,215	\$ 10,912,215

Although the City is subject to a legal debt margin of approximately \$331 million, there is currently no outstanding debt subject to this limit.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

6) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Fiduciary Fund Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities of the former La Puente CDC were transferred to the Successor Agency Private-purpose Trust Fund during 2011-12 as a result of the State's action to dissolve redevelopment agencies. The following is a schedule of changes in long-term debt of the Successor Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

	Ending	Due Within			
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds:		1			-
Series 2014A	\$ 3,445,000	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ 3,335,000	\$ 115,000

2014A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In August 2014, the Successor Agency \$3,760,000 Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, which mature in amounts from \$100,000 to \$255,000 annually until 2038 with interest payments of 4.35% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The purpose of the bonds was to refund the 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds issued by the former La Puente Community Development Commission. The bonds are special obligations of the Successor Agency and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues. The bonds are not a debt, liability or obligation of the City of La Puente (the "City"), the County of Los Angeles (the "County"), the State of California or any of its political subdivisions, other than the Commission. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties other than those of the Commission. Future debt service requirements on the 2014A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$ 115,000	\$ 142,571	\$ 257,571	
2021	120,000	137,460	257,460	
2022	125,000	132,131	257,131	
2023	130,000	126,585	256,585	
2024	135,000	120,821	255,821	
2025	145,000	114,731	259,731	
2026	145,000	108,424	253,424	
2027	155,000	101,899	256,899	
2028	160,000	95,048	255,048	
2029	170,000	87,870	257,870	
2030	180,000	80,257	260,257	
2031	185,000	72,319	257,319	
2032	195,000	64,054	259,054	
2033	205,000	55,354	260,354	
2034	215,000	46,219	261,219	
2035	220,000	36,758	256,758	
2036	235,000	26,861	261,861	
2037	245,000	16,421	261,421	
2038	255,000	5,546	260,546	
Totals	\$ 3,335,000	\$ 1,571,329	\$ 4,906,329	

Year Ended June 30, 2019

7) RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates in the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority) as follows:

Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The Authority is composed of 116 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The Authority began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Liability

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$750,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$40 million per occurrence. The coverage structure includes retained risk that is pooled among members, reinsurance, and excess insurance. More detailed information about the various layers of coverage is available on the following website: https://cjpia.org/protection/coverage-programs.

Worker's Compensation

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$100,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

7) RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

For 2018-19 the Authority's pooled retention is \$2 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City of La Puente participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of La Puente. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2017 through July 1, 2020. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year policy term.

Property Insurance

The City of La Puente participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of La Puente property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of La Puente to the Authority. City of La Puente property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$25,052,548. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Earthquake and Flood Insurance

The City of La Puente purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of La Puente property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$0. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000.

Crime Insurance

The City of La Puente purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance

The City of La Puente further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City of La Puente according to a schedule. The City of La Puente then pays for the insurance. The insurance is facilitated by the Authority.

Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2018-19.

Claims and Judgments

The City accounts for uninsured, material claims and judgments and associated legal and administrative costs when it is probable that the liability claim has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably

Year Ended June 30, 2019

7) RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

estimated. Included therein are claims incurred but not reported, which consists of (a) known loss events expected to be presented as claims later, (b) unknown loss events that are expected to become claims, and (c) expected future development on claims already reported. This is based upon historical actual results that have established a reliable pattern supplemented by specific information about current matters. Small dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid.

8) PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a miscellaneous risk pool. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the miscellaneous pool. Accordingly, rate plans within the miscellaneous pool are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous pool. The City sponsors two rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plan benefit provisions, assumptions for funding purposes but not accounting purposes, and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2017 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation report. This report is a publicly available valuation report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications. The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Misc. PEPRA
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	Last 12 Mos. of Service	Last 36 Mos. of Service
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7%
Required employer contribution rates	12.588% + \$383,290	7.557% + \$270

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

8) PENSION PLAN - Continued

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$383,560 in fiscal year 2019. The City's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$536,963.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources for Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$6,845,330 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures.

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability as of June 30, 2017 and 2018 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.17543%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.18164%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00621%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$859,268. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows	 Deferred Inflows
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	536,963	\$ -
Differences between actual and expected experience		173,267	-
Changes in assumptions		589,130	-
Differences between employer's contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions		-	174,267
Change in employer's proportions		-	180,271
Net differences between projected and actual			
earnings on plan investments		33,842	 _
Total	\$	1,333,202	\$ 354,538

The \$536,963 reported as deferred outflows related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2019

8) PENSION PLAN - Continued

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2020	\$ 547,908
2021	250,065
2022	(294,702)
2023	(61,570)
2024	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2017
Measurement date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	entry-age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increase	(1)
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Mortality	(2)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows.

Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund.

The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2019

8) PENSION PLAN - Continued

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (1)	Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Global Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-	-0.92%

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	9,875,318
Current Discount Rate	\$	7.15%
Net Pension Liability 1% Increase	Ф	6,845,330 8,15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,344,125

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the City reported no payables due to the pension plan, for outstanding contributions.

9) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The City has established the La Puente Retiree Healthcare Plan (LPRHCP), and participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit retiree healthcare plan. A separate financial report is not prepared for the LPRHCP.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

9) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – Under the LPRHCP, retirees are eligible for benefits as follows:

	Eligible Employees
Benefit types provided	Medical, dental, vision
Duration of Benefits	Lifetime
Required Service	10 years*
Minimum Age	50
Dependent Coverage	Yes
City Contribution	50% of employer contribution at 10 years of service for medical plus 5% per additional year to 100% at 20 or more years of service
City Cap	\$2,000 per year in dental and vision expenses

^{*}Those hired prior to 8/1/08 require only CalPERS retirement to receive 100% of employer contribution.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the LPRHCP:

Retirees or spouses of retirees	
currently receiving benefits	28
Active employees	26
	54

Contributions – The LPRHCP plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the City and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City's cash contributions were \$375,600 in payments to the trust and the payments for retiree health benefits was \$265,155 resulting in total payments of \$640,755. In a prior fiscal year, the City created a trust account with the California Public Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT). The CERBT issues a publicly available report that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Net OPEB Liability - The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2017, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost
Mortality	2014 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees
Age at Retirement	52
Health Care Trend Rate	4.00%
Inflation Rate	2.75%
Salary Changes	2.75%
Discount Rate	7.00%

Year Ended June 30, 2019

9) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Large Cap	43%	7.950%
US Small Cap	23%	7.950%
Long-term Corporate Bonds	12%	5.295%
Long-term Government Bonds	6%	4.500%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5%	7.950%
US Real Estate	8%	7.950%
All Commodities	3%	7.950%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability (TOL)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$	4,031,589	\$	249,914	\$	3,781,675
Changes in the year:						
Service cost		99,866		-		99,866
Interest on the total OPEB liability		275,764		-		275,764
Employer Contributions		-		568,154		(568,154)
Employee Contributions		-		-		-
Actual Investment Income		-		27,419		(27,419)
Investment Gains/Losses		-		(14,462)		14,462
Administrative Expense		-		(505)		505
Benefit payments, including refunds		(284,077)		(284,077)		-
Other		-		1,183		(1,183)
Net changes		91,553		297,712		(206,159)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	4,123,142	\$	547,626	\$	3,575,516

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

Year Ended June 30, 2019

9) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase
		(6%)		(7%)		(8%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	4,018,397	\$	3,575,516	\$	3,204,622

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Net OPEB would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	19	6 Decrease			19	% Increase
		(3%)			(5%)	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	3,211,933	\$	3,575,516	\$	4,005,630

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

CERBT issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained from the California Public Employers' Retirement System (CalPERS) website.

OPEB Expense and Recognition of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments:

5 years

All other amounts:

Expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) (6.0 years at June 30, 2017)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$351,609. The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Dutflows	 ferred flows
OPEB Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	640,755	\$ -
Changes of Assumptions		-	-
Investment Gain/Loss		11,569	-
Net differences between projected and actual			
earnings on plan investments			-
Total	\$	652,324	\$

Year Ended June 30, 2019

9) OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The \$640,755 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2018 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30,	_	
2020	\$	2,893
2021		2,893
2022		2,893
2023		2,890
2024		-
Thereafter		_

10) FUND BALANCES

Details of the City's governmental fund balances at June 30, 2019, are presented below:

		Lighting and	011	
	General	Maintenance	Other Governmental	
	Fund	Landscape District	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	I ullu	District	I ullus	IOlai
Prepaid Costs	\$ 395,146	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 395,146
·		φ -	φ -	
Long-term Advances	11,085,558	-	-	11,085,558
Restricted for:				
Lighting and Landscape	-	1,541,536	-	1,541,536
Low Income Housing	-	-	1,594,037	1,594,037
PEG Access	-	-	199,069	199,069
Street Projects	-	-	3,029,306	3,029,306
Air Pollution Reduction Measures	-	-	266,362	266,362
Transportation	-	-	1,692,971	1,692,971
Unassigned	9,772,265		(4,976)	9,767,289
Total Fund Balance	\$ 21,252,969	\$ 1,541,536	\$ 6,776,769	\$ 29,571,274

The Miscellaneous Grants and CDBG nonmajor Special Revenue funds have a deficit fund balance of \$3,931 and \$1,045, respectively, as of June 30, 2019. These deficits will be eliminated when unavailable revenues are realized in the next fiscal year.

11) OTHER INFORMATION

Contingent Liabilities

Claims and lawsuits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. The outcome of these matters is not presently determinable. However, in the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a significant impact on the financial condition of the City.

Year Ended June 30, 2019

11) OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

Other Commitments and Contingencies

The City has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

The estimated amount of remaining construction contract obligations at year-end is \$57,936.

12) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2019, subsequent to the end of the fiscal year, the La Puente Public Financing Authority issued the Sales Tax Revenue Measure M Series 2019A and Measure R Series 2019B Bonds (the "Bonds") for \$3,910,000 and \$3,470,000, respectively. Proceeds from the Bonds will be used to finance a portion of the costs associated with certain transportation projects, purchase a reserve surety, and bond issuance costs. The Bonds are secured by pledged Measure M and Measure R receipts.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of La Puente Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Measurement Period					
		2018		2017		
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	99,866	\$	97,193		
Interest on total OPEB liability		275,764		269,417		
Changes in assumptions		-		-		
Changes in benefits		-		-		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(284,077)		(273,151)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		91,553		93,459		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,031,589		3,938,130		
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	4,123,142	\$	4,031,589		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	568,154	\$	273,151		
Expected Investment Income Investment Income		27,419		23,980		
Invesment Gains/Losses		(14,462)		-		
Benefit payments		(284,077)		(273,151)		
Administrative Expense		(505)		(201)		
Other		1,183				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		297,712		23,779		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		249,914		226,135		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	547,626	\$	249,914		
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,575,516	\$	3,781,675		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total OPEB liability		13.28%		6.20%		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,845,731	\$	1,732,444		
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		193.72%		218.29%		

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in Assumptions: None

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation; therefore, 10 years of information are not yet available.

City of La Puente Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Plan Contributions For the City's OPEB Plan Last 10 Years*

				Contributions as a % of					
		Actuarially Actuarially Determined Determined		,		ontribution eficiency/	ı	Covered Employee	Covered Employee
Fiscal Year	Cor	ntributions	Co	ontributions (Ex		(Excess)	cess) Payroll		Payroll
2019	\$	291,539	\$	(640,755)	\$	(349,216)	\$	2,074,085	14.06%
2018		284,077		(568, 154)		(284,077)		1,845,731	15.39%

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, not all 10 years of information is available.

City of La Puente Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Years*

Measurement Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	S	roportionate hare of Net nsion Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a % of Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability
2018	0.18164%	\$	6,845,330	\$ 1,845,731	370.87%	69.44%
2017	0.17543%		6,915,558	1,732,444	399.18%	68.59%
2016	0.17441%		6,058,634	1,708,926	354.53%	69.59%
2015	0.17990%		4,935,366	1,469,397	335.88%	76.07%
2014	0.14530%		3,590,581	1,689,344	212.54%	83.03%

Notes to the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate changed from 7.65% to 7.15%.

*Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, 10 years of information are not yet available.

City of La Puente Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions Last 10 Years*

Fiscal Year	R	equired	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions		Relation to the Actuarially Contribution Determined Deficiency/		ciency/		Covered Payroll	as a Cov	butions % of ered yroll
2019	\$	536,963	\$	(536,963)	\$	-	\$	2,074,085		25.89%	
2018		458,034		(458,034)		-		1,845,731		24.82%	
2017		454,011		(454,011)		-		1,732,444		26.20%	
2016		412,824		(412,824)		-		1,708,926		24.16%	
2015		268,333		(268,333)		-		1,469,397		18.26%	
	2019 2018 2017 2016	Fiscal Year Cor 2019 \$ 2018 2017 2016	2019 \$ 536,963 2018 458,034 2017 454,011 2016 412,824	Contractually Required Contributions Co 2019 \$ 536,963 \$ 2018 458,034 2017 454,011 2016 412,824	Fiscal Year Contractually Required Contributions Actuarially Determined Contributions 2019 \$ 536,963 \$ (536,963) 2018 458,034 (458,034) 2017 454,011 (454,011) 2016 412,824 (412,824)	Contractually Required Contributions	Fiscal Year Contractually Required Contributions Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions Contribution (Excess) 2019 \$ 536,963 \$ (536,963) \$ - 2018 458,034 (458,034) - 2017 454,011 (454,011) - 2016 412,824 (412,824) -	Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution Deficiency	Relation to the Actuarially Permitted Contributions Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions Covered Payroll	Relation to the Contribution Required Contribution Deficiency Covered Co	

Notes to the Schedule of Plan Contributions

Valuation Date: 6/30/13, 6/30/14, 6/30/15, 6/30/16, 6/30/17

Changes in Assumptions: None.

*Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, 10 years of information are not yet available.

City of La Puente Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual - General Fund

REVENUES	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes	\$ 10,655,900	\$ 10,655,900	\$ 11,660,592	\$ 1,004,692
Licenses and Permits	638,900	638,900	917,616	278,716
Intergovernmental	62,700	62,700	47,075	(15,625)
Charges for Services	720,500	720,500	963,111	242,611
Fines and Forfeitures	310,000	310,000	351,735	41,735
Investment Income	85,000	85,000	567,717	482,717
Other Revenue	105,100	105,100	139,124	34,024
Total Revenues	12,578,100	12,578,100	14,646,970	2,068,870
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government	2,584,500	2,608,075	2,570,154	37,921
Public Safety	7,166,000	7,325,035	7,062,100	262,935
Public Works	577,700	453,800	586,832	(133,032)
Recreation/Senior Services	1,383,100	1,383,100	1,266,993	116,107
Community Development	866,800	866,800	1,206,950	(340,150)
Capital Outlay				
Total Expenditures	12,578,100	12,636,810	12,693,029	(56,219)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(58,710)	1,953,941	2,012,651
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	<u>-</u>	-	19,924	19,924
Transfers Out			(92,938)	(92,938)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(73,014)	(73,014)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(58,710)	1,880,927	1,939,637
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	19,372,042	19,372,042	19,372,042	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 19,372,042	\$ 19,313,332	\$ 21,252,969	\$ 1,939,637

City of La Puente Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual - Lighting and Landscape Maintenance District Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Orinal Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income Other Revenue	\$ 784,600 20,000	\$ 784,600 20,000	\$ 826,730 26,398 144,732	\$ 42,130 6,398 144,732	
Total Revenues	804,600	804,600	997,860	193,260	
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development	890,990	890,990	754,221	136,769	
Capital Outlay	815,000	815,000	1,037,860	(222,860)	
Total Expenditures	1,705,990	1,705,990	1,792,081	(86,091)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (under) Expenditures	(901,390)	(901,390)	(794,221)	107,169	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(901,390)	(901,390)	(794,221)	107,169	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,335,757	2,335,757	2,335,757		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,434,367	\$ 1,434,367	\$ 1,541,536	\$ 107,169	

City of La Puente Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2019

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.
- The City Council approves total budgeted appropriations. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, program and activity. Each program of the City represents a separate government function, namely: general government, public safety, transportation, culture and leisure, community development and redevelopment and housing. Accordingly, each program of the City has been identified as a separate line item in the accompanying combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The City Manager is authorized to make appropriation transfers from one activity to another leaving the total fund appropriation unchanged within the same fund. City Council approves all other amendments to appropriations throughout the year. Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Budget figures used in the financial statements are the final adjusted amounts.
- Formal budget integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Litigation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from the proceeds of taxes, and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller, returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates, or revised fee schedules, or an excess in one year may be offset against a deficit in the following year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, based on calculations by City management, proceeds of taxes did not exceed appropriations. Further, Section 5 of Article XIIIB allows the City to designate a portion of fund balance for general contingencies, to be used for any purpose.
- The General and Lighting and Landscape Maintenance Special Revenue Funds expenditures' exceeded appropriations in the current year by \$56,219 and \$86,091, respectively.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of La Puente Other Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes. The other special revenue funds include:

Gas Tax Fund – To account for gasoline taxes received by the City. These funds may be used for street maintenance, right-of-way acquisition and street construction.

Measure M Fund - To account for revenues received from Los Angeles County under Measure M that are to be used exclusively for street and transportation projects.

Prop. C Transportation Fund – To account for revenues received from the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority under Proposition C that are to be used for transportation related purposes

Asset Seizure Fund - To account for the revenues received from asset forfeiture fines and for the expenditure of these funds.

PEG Access Fund - Accounts for funds received to develop public, educational, and governmental access to cable television.

State COPS Fund - To account for funds received from the State of California under AB3229 for the purpose of the Citizens Option for Public Safety (COPS) program.

Office of Traffic Safety Fund - To account for receiving and expending fees collected for the impoundment of vehicles at a La Puente Traffic Offender Program (LAPTOP) check point.

JAG Grant Fund - To account for revenues received from the Justice Assistance Grant Program that are to be used exclusively for law enforcement programs.

Cal-HOME Grant Fund - To account for funding from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in the form of grant to provide decent housing for low and moderate income families.

CDBG Grant Fund - To account for the funds received from the Community Development Block Grant for housing loans, code enforcement, and senior services program.

Air Quality Improvement Fund - Accounts for clean air fees collected by the State and distributed by the Southern California Air Quality Management District to cities for clean air project expenditures.

Measure R Fund - To account for revenues received from Los Angeles County under Measure R that are to be used exclusively for transportation projects and improvements.

Prop. A Transportation Fund - To account for revenues received from Los Angeles County under Proposition A that are to be used exclusively for public transit.

Local Transportation Fund - This fund is to account for the funds received from the State to improve street access for bicycle and pedestrian.

City of La Puente Other Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS – Continued

Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) Grant Fund - This fund is to account for grant money received from Caltrans to be used for public roads to achieve a significant reduction in traffic fatalities and serious injuries.

Miscellaneous Grants Fund - To account for the various grants restricted for specific purposes.

Housing Fund - The Housing Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made for affordable housing. The primary sources of revenue are from loan repayments generated from the use of the former Community Development Commission's Low and Moderate Income Housing Funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Fund – To account for loan proceeds restricted for certain capital projects, and other related expenditures.

City of La Puente Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Gas Tax	Measure M Prop		Prop C	Asset Seizure	
ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 931,423	\$	904,398	\$ 1,694,488 -	\$	- -
Loans Receivable Prepaid Items Due From Other Governments	 2,128 133,158		1,415 -	327 		- - -
Total Assets	\$ 1,066,709	\$	905,813	\$ 1,694,815	\$	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Agencies Due to Other Funds	\$ 38,849 - -	\$	283,284	\$ 1,844 - -	\$	- - -
Total Liabilities	38,849		283,284	1,844		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Grants	 <u>-</u>					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 					
FUND BALANCES Restricted Unassigned	 1,027,860		622,529	1,692,971		- -
Total Fund Balances	 1,027,860		622,529	1,692,971		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 1,066,709	\$	905,813	\$ 1,694,815	\$	

PEG Access	State COPS	Office of Traffic Safety	JAG Grant	Cal-HOME Grant	CDBG Grant	Air Quality Improvement	
\$ 188,530 10,539 -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 521,795 - 893,067 -	\$ - 38,060 511,190 - 179,631	\$ 252,681 - - - 13,681	
\$ 199,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,414,862	\$ 728,881	\$ 266,362	
\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 67,614 511,190 151,122	\$ - - -	
			- _		729,926	-	
199,069		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,414,862	(1,045)	266,362	
199,069	- _	- _		1,414,862	(1,045)	266,362	
\$ 199,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,414,862	\$ 728,881	\$ 266,362	

Continued

City of La Puente Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds - Continued

June 30, 2019

	М	easure R	Prop. Ansportation	Local Transportation	HSIP Grant
ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Loans Receivable	\$	732,657	\$ 702,847	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid Items Due From Other Governments		1,415	1,403	- -	 <u>-</u>
Total Assets	\$	734,072	\$ 704,250	\$ -	\$
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Agencies Due to Other Funds	\$	2,688 - -	\$ 56,717 - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total Liabilities		2,688	56,717		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenues - Grants			 		 <u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	 -		
FUND BALANCES Restricted Unassigned		731,384 -	 647,533	<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances		731,384	 647,533		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	734,072	\$ 704,250	\$ -	\$

	ellaneous Grants	ı	Housing	Capital Projects			Total
\$	-	\$	179,175	\$	-	\$	6,107,994
	-		-		-		48,599
	-		-		-		1,404,257 6,688
	3,931		-		-		330,401
\$	3,931	\$	179,175	\$		\$	7,897,939
\$	769	\$	-	\$	-	\$	451,765
	-		-		-		511,190
	3,162						154,284
	3,931		_		_		1,117,239
							, , ,
	2.024						2 024
	3,931						3,931
	3,931						3,931
	-		179,175		_		6,781,745
	(3,931)						(4,976)
	(3,931)		179,175		_		6,776,769
-	(0,001)		770,170				5,110,100
\$	3,931	\$	179,175	\$		\$	7,897,939
Ψ	3,331	Ψ	119,113	Ψ		Ψ	1,031,338

City of La Puente

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds

	Gas Tax	Magaura M	Prop C	Asset Seizure
	Iax	Measure M	Prop C	Seizure
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,575,796	\$ 569,260	\$ 673,679	\$ -
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-
Investment Income	10,628	13,126	25,871	
Total Revenues	1,586,424	582,386	699,550	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-
Public Works	719,903	47,066	31,194	-
Community Development Capital Outlay	2,035	- 341,711	- 87,516	-
Debt Service:	2,035	341,711	67,510	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	_	_	_	_
Principal	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	721,938	388,777	118,710	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	864,486	193,609	580,840	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of Debt Transfers In	-	-	- 13,691	-
Transfers Out	-	-	13,091	(661)
Transiers Out				(001)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			13,691	(661)
Net Change in Fund Balances	864,486	193,609	594,531	(661)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	163,374	428,920	1,098,440	661
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,027,860	\$ 622,529	\$1,692,971	\$ -

PEG Access	State COPS	Office of Traffic Safety	JAG Grant	Cal-HOME Grant	CDBG Grant	Air Quality Improvement
\$ - 42,636	\$ 148,747	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 447,533	\$ 52,772
3,110	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	8,826	831	4,046
45,746	148,747			8,826	448,364	56,818
12,518	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
-	148,747	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	- -	1,152
-	-	-	-	7,995	395,434	-
-	-	-	-	-	41,163	-
_	_	_	_	_	_	_
12,518	148,747			7,995	436,597	1,152
33,228				831	11,767	55,666
_	_	_		_	_	_
_	_	_	_	_	_	_
-	-	(19,263)	-	-	-	-
		(19,263)				
33,228	-	(19,263)		831	11,767	55,666
165,841		19,263		1,414,031	(12,812)	210,696
\$ 199,069	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,414,862	\$ (1,045)	\$ 266,362

Continued

City of La Puente

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds - Continued

	Measure R	Prop. A Transportation	Local Transportation	HSIP Grant
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 505,405	\$ 812,179 129,742	\$ -	\$ 38,209 -
Investment Income Total Revenues	9,681 515,086	<u>12,225</u> 954,146	-	38,209
	313,080	934,140		36,209
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General Government Public Safety	-	-	- -	-
Public Works	28,939	-	-	-
Community Development	-	883,296	-	-
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	43,832	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	-	_	_
Principal				
Total Expenditures	72,771	883,296		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	442,315	70,850		38,209
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of Debt	_	_	_	_
Transfers In	26,232	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(208,742)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(182,510)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	259,805	70,850	-	38,209
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	471,579	576,683		(38,209)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 731,384	\$ 647,533	\$ -	\$ -

	cellaneous Grants	Housing	Capital Projects	Total
\$	14,729 - -	\$ - - 3,050	\$ - - -	\$ 4,838,309 172,378 91,394
	14,729	3,050		5,102,081
	- - - - 3,931	- - - -	- - - - 30,110	12,518 148,747 828,254 1,286,725 550,298
	- -	<u>-</u>	19,021 189,721	19,021 189,721
r	3,931		238,852	3,035,284
	10,798	3,050	(238,852)	2,066,797
	- - -	53,015 	30,110 208,742 	30,110 301,680 (228,666)
		53,015	238,852	103,124
	10,798	56,065	-	2,169,921
	(14,729)	123,110		4,606,848
\$	(3,931)	\$ 179,175	\$ -	\$ 6,776,769

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Gas Tax Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,555,320	\$ 1,575,796	\$ 20,476
Investment Income	6,500	10,628	4,128
Total Revenues	1,561,820	1,586,424	24,604
EXPENDITURES			
Current:	222.222	740,000	440.007
Public Works	832,900	719,903	112,997
Capital Outlay	1,040,700	2,035	1,038,665
Total Expenditures	1,873,600	721,938	1,038,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(311,780)	864,486	1,176,266
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(311,780)	864,486	1,176,266
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	163,374	163,374	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (148,406)	\$ 1,027,860	\$ 1,176,266

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Measure M Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Amounts Actual		
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 558,300 1,500	\$ 569,260 13,126	\$ 10,960 11,626	
investment income	1,500	13,120	11,020	
Total Revenues	559,800	582,386	22,586	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	60.500	47.000	45 404	
Public Works Capital Outlay	62,500 700,000	47,066 341,711	15,434 358,289	
Capital Outlay	700,000	341,711	330,209	
Total Expenditures	762,500	388,777	358,289	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(202,700)	193,609	396,309	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-	-	-	
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(202,700)	193,609	396,309	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	428,920	428,920		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 226,220	\$ 622,529	\$ 396,309	

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Prop C Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 656,790 5,000	\$ 673,679 25,871	\$ 16,889 20,871
Total Revenues	661,790	699,550	37,760
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Public Works	50,000	31,194	18,806
Capital Outlay	1,365,000	87,516	1,277,484
Total Expenditures	1,415,000	118,710	1,277,484
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(753,210)	580,840	1,334,050
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		13,691 	13,691
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		13,691	13,691
Net Change in Fund Balances	(753,210)	594,531	1,347,741
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,098,440	1,098,440	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 345,230	\$ 1,692,971	\$ 1,347,741

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - PEG Access Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Actual Final Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Charges for Services	\$ 35,000	\$ 42,636	\$ 7,636	
Investment Income	1,000	3,110	2,110	
Total Revenues	36,000	45,746	9,746	
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General Government	12,400	12,518	(118)	
Capital Outlay	75,000		75,000	
Total Expenditures	87,400	12,518	74,882	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(51,400)	33,228	84,628	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(51,400)	33,228	84,628	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	165,841	165,841		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 114,441	\$ 199,069	\$ 84,628	

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - State COPS Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Amounts Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	148,747	\$	48,747	
Investment Income		-					
Total Revenues		100,000		148,747		48,747	
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Public Safety		100,000		148,747		(48,747)	
Total Expenditures		100,000		148,747		(48,747)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		_		_		_	
Transfers Out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year							
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$		

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - JAG Grant Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Amounts Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$	10,200	\$ - -	\$	(10,200)		
Total Revenues		10,200			(10,200)		
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Safety		10,200			10,200		
Total Expenditures		10,200			10,200		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		- -	<u>-</u>		- -		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-		-		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year							
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ -	\$			

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Cal-HOME Grant Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Amounts Actual	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment Income	4,000	8,826	4,826
Total Revenues	4,000	8,826	4,826
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Community Development	227,000	7,995	219,005
Community Bevelopment	227,000	1,000	210,000
Total Expenditures	227,000	7,995	219,005
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(223,000)	831	223,831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(223,000)	831	223,831
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,414,031	1,414,031	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,191,031	\$1,414,862	\$ 223,831

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - CDBG Grant Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 638,100 1,800	\$ 447,533 831	\$ (190,567) (969)
Total Revenues	639,900	448,364	(191,536)
EXPENDITURES Current:			
Community Development Capital Outlay	431,900 208,000	395,434 41,163	36,466 166,837
Total Expenditures	639,900	436,597	203,303
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (under) Expenditures		11,767	11,767
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		<u> </u>	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	11,767	11,767
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	(12,812)	(12,812)	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (12,812)	\$ (1,045)	\$ 11,767

City of La Puente

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Air Quality Improvement Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Amounts Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$	55,000	\$	52,772	\$	(2,228)
Investment Income		<u>-</u>		4,046		4,046
Total Revenues		55,000		56,818		1,818
EXPENDITURES						
Current:				4 450		(4.450)
Public Works Capital Outlay		-		1,152		(1,152)
Capital Outlay		-				
Total Expenditures				1,152		(1,152)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		55,000		55,666	-	666
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-
Hansiers Out					-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances		55,000		55,666		666
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		210,696		210,696		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	265,696	\$	266,362	\$	666

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Measure R Fund

	Budgeted Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES	Φ 400.000	Φ 505 405	Φ 40.005
Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 492,600	\$ 505,405	\$ 12,805
investment income	5,000	9,681	4,681
Total Revenues	497,600	515,086	17,486
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public Works	46,500	28,939	17,561
Capital Outlay	525,000	43,832	481,168
Total Expenditures	571,500	72,771	498,729
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(73,900)	442,315	516,215
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	26,232	26,232
Transfers Out	(208,800)	(208,742)	58
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(208,800)	(182,510)	26,290
Net Change in Fund Balances	(282,700)	259,805	542,505
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	471,579	471,579	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 188,879	\$ 731,384	\$ 542,505

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Prop A Transportation Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 791,800 130,200	\$ 812,179 129,742	\$ 20,379 (458)	
Investment Income	6,000	12,225	6,225	
Total Revenues	928,000	954,146	26,146	
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Community Development Capital Outlay	963,000	883,296 	79,704 	
Total Expenditures	963,000	883,296	79,704	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(35,000)	70,850	105,850	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(35,000)	70,850	105,850	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	576,683	576,683		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 541,683	\$ 647,533	\$ 105,850	

City of La Puente

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Local Transportation Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 50,000	\$ - -	\$ (50,000)	
Total Revenues	50,000		(50,000)	
EXPENDITURES Capital Outlay	50,000		50,000	
Total Expenditures	50,000		50,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - HSIP Grant Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 783,600 	\$ 38,209	\$ (745,391) 	
Total Revenues	783,600	38,209	(745,391)	
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Capital Outlay	- 	<u> </u>	- 783,600	
Total Expenditures	783,600		783,600	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		38,209	38,209	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	38,209	38,209	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	(38,209)	(38,209)		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (38,209)	\$ -	\$ 38,209	

City of La Puente

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Miscellaneous Grants Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 340,000	\$	14,729	\$	(325,271)	
Investment Income	 					
Total Revenues	 340,000		14,729		(325,271)	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government Community Development	-		-		-	
Capital Outlay	340,000		3,931		336,069	
Total Expenditures	340,000		3,931		336,069	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures			10,798		10,798	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		10,798		10,798	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 (14,729)		(14,729)			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (14,729)	\$	(3,931)	\$	10,798	

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Housing Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ -	\$ - 3,050	\$ - 3,050	
Total Revenues		3,050	3,050	
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development Capital Outlay	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	
Total Expenditures				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		3,050	3,050	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		53,015	53,015	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		53,015	53,015	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	56,065	56,065	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	123,110	123,110		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 123,110	\$ 179,175	\$ 56,065	

City of La Puente Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment Income			
Total Revenues			
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	250,000	30,110	219,890
Debt Service:			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	19,703	19,021	682
Principal	189,097	189,721	(624)
Total Expenditures	458,800	238,852	219,948
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(458,800)	(238,852)	219,948
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Issuance of Debt	-	30,110	30,110
Transfers In	208,800	208,742	(58)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	208,800	238,852	30,052
Net Change in Fund Balances	(250,000)	-	250,000
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ (250,000)	\$ -	\$ 250,000

City of La Puente Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

Deposit Funds - This fund is used to account for collection and payment of such items as performance bond deposits.

City of La Puente Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>DEPOSITS</u>	Balance at July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2019
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 208,206	\$ 364,409	\$ 113,099	\$ 459,516
Total Assets	\$ 208,206	\$ 364,409	\$ 113,099	\$ 459,516
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Deposits	\$ 16,598 191,608	\$ 127,853 378,536	\$ 112,382 142,697	\$ 32,069 427,447
Total Liabilities	\$ 208,206	\$ 506,389	\$ 255,079	\$ 459,516



STATISTICAL SECTION

City of La Puente Description of Statistical Section Contents June 30, 2019

This part of the City of La Puente's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:	Pages
<u>Financial Trends</u> these schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	93
Revenue Capacity these schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax	104
<u>Debt Capacity</u> these schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future	108
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> these schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place	112
Operating Information these schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs	115

City of La Puente, California Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	ıl Year	
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 16,092,239	\$ 16,941,283	\$ 24,660,544	\$ 26,030,656
Public Safety	54,421	32,625	132,778	133,966
Public Works	962,696	2,352,679	3,480,766	3,343,118
Community Development	1,095,201	933,572	648,165	510,581
Redevelopment and Housing	197,844	83,571	-	-
Housing	-	-	-	-
Street Projects	-	-	-	-
Debt Service				
Total Restricted	2,310,162	3,402,447	4,261,709	3,987,665
Unrestricted	14,822,183	12,840,852	6,826,170	6,431,855
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 33,224,584	\$ 33,184,582	\$ 35,748,423	\$ 36,450,176
Business-type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (1,115,652)	\$ 2,754	\$ 198,502	\$ -
Restricted	3,590,394	3,049,730	4,072,131	4,714,234
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 2,474,742	\$ 3,052,484	\$ 4,270,633	\$ 4,714,234
Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 14,976,587	\$ 16,944,037	\$ 24,859,046	\$ 26,030,656
Restricted	5,900,556	6,452,177	8,333,840	8,701,899
Unrestricted	14,822,183	12,840,852	6,826,170	6,431,855
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 35,699,326	\$ 36,237,066	\$ 40,019,056	\$ 41,164,410

Source: Statement of Net Position

Fiscal Year												
2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		
\$ 27,186,259	\$	27,804,320	\$	27,632,187	\$	26,447,434	\$	33,484,552	\$	33,313,131		
38,823 2,278,943 723,622		30,021 2,934,848 1,041,358		23,020 1,585,690 1,310,428		19,638 1,606,651 2,061,170		19,924 1,025,664 4,479,500		- 1,692,971 465,431 -		
- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		1,594,037 3,029,306		
3,041,388 5,316,550		4,006,227 15,107,425	_	2,919,138 17,428,553	_	3,687,459 16,917,773	_	5,525,088 16,458,039	_	6,781,745 18,697,664		
\$ 35,544,197	<u>\$</u>	46,917,972	\$	47,979,878	\$	47,052,666	\$	55,467,679	\$	58,792,540		
\$ 2,070,787 3,250,778	\$	2,104,573 3,654,183	\$	2,148,360 4,010,624	\$	1,505,872 5,115,463	\$	2,219,774 4,935,754	\$	2,372,895 5,540,306		
\$ 5,321,565	\$	5,758,756	\$	6,158,984	\$	6,621,335	\$	7,155,528	\$	7,913,201		
\$ 29,257,046 6,292,166 5,316,550	\$	29,908,893 7,660,410 15,107,425	\$	29,780,547 6,929,762 17,428,553	\$	27,953,306 8,802,922 16,917,773	\$	35,704,326 10,460,842 16,458,039	\$	35,686,026 12,322,051 18,697,664		
\$ 40,865,762	\$	52,676,728	\$	54,138,862	\$	53,674,001	\$	62,623,207	\$	66,705,741		

City of La Puente, California Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Ye	ar	
		2010		2011		2012	2013
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General Government	\$	2,451,276	\$	3,007,718	\$	2,541,017	\$ 2,540,210
Public Safety		4,666,557		4,874,645		4,845,030	4,913,590
Public Works		2,241,821		1,913,164		1,780,147	1,847,640
Recreation/Senior Services		1,818,721		1,742,028		1,675,871	1,670,038
Community Development		2,591,842		2,783,759		2,206,673	2,121,666
Redevelopment and Housing		9,045,803		433,232		185,562	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt		796,115	_	848,724	_	723,961	 465,004
Total governmental activities expenses		23,612,135		15,603,270		13,958,261	 13,558,148
Business-type activities:							
Sewer Maintenance		251,431		753,264		1,091,411	 698,400
Total business-type activities expenses		251,431		753,264		1,091,411	698,400
Total primary government expenses	\$	23,863,566	\$	16,356,534	\$	15,049,672	\$ 14,256,548
Program Revenue Governmental activities: Charges for services:							
General Government	\$	44,159	\$	47,445	\$	54,087	\$ 53,996
Public Safety		1,235,688		618,183		549,768	462,652
Public Works		209,605		223,676		221,072	219,396
Recreation/Senior Services		263,437		288,248		252,787	248,797
Community Development		449,431		762,499		556,668	750,432
Redevelopment and Housing		-		-		-	-
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,739,023		1,923,401		1,908,160	2,344,928
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	2,699,626		2,488,930	_	2,818,206	 1,860,992
Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities:		6,640,969		6,352,382		6,360,748	5,941,193
Charges for services:		885,843		1,304,280		1,308,823	1,311,226
Legal settlement						992,500	
Total business-type activities program revenues		885,843		1,304,280		2,301,323	 1,311,226
Total primary government program revenues	\$	7,526,812	\$	7,656,662	\$	8,662,071	\$ 7,252,419

	Fiscal Year												
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		
\$	3,480,756	\$	2,422,592	\$	2,040,261	\$	3,344,530	\$	2,414,218	\$	2,614,669		
	5,000,488		5,563,600		5,845,736		6,110,053		7,039,317		7,210,847		
	2,276,659		1,045,925		1,028,734		2,653,875		3,235,695		2,482,313		
	1,772,731		1,910,777		2,049,066		2,085,167		1,994,224		2,056,944		
	2,637,299		2,618,301		3,897,493		2,504,463		3,329,047		3,288,029		
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-		-		
	330,960	_	229,495	_	244,320		336,720	_			19,021		
	15,498,893	_	13,790,690	_	15,105,610		17,034,808		18,012,501		17,671,823		
	760,016		927,904		963,029		900,170		862,198		855,985		
	760,016		927,904		963,029		900,170		862,198		855,985		
\$	16,258,909	\$	14,718,594	\$	16,068,639	\$	17,934,978	\$	18,874,699	\$	18,527,808		
\$	60,688	\$	435,660	\$	507,302	\$	284,416	\$	289,146	\$	234,071		
	498,247		459,251		319,773		496,926		704,424		459,802		
	197,430		-		-		3,945		5,462		27,686		
	265,538		272,093		202,313		188,577		180,884		201,109		
	743,979		674,198		1,060,915		986,792		1,297,749		1,432,878		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
	2,142,823		1,734,036		1,818,607		649,068		812,396		623,826		
	1,919,871	_	2,333,169	_	2,413,878	_	2,755,890		4,189,959	_	4,190,243		
	5,828,576		5,908,407		6,322,788		5,365,614		7,480,020		7,169,615		
	1,347,146		1,325,685		1,323,874		1,302,664		1,325,479		1,519,628		
		_		_		_		_		_			
_	1,347,146	_	1,325,685		1,323,874		1,302,664		1,325,479		1,519,628		
\$	7,175,722	\$	7,234,092	\$	7,646,662	\$	6,668,278	\$	8,805,499	\$	8,689,243		

City of La Puente, California Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Yea	ar		
		2010		2011		2012		2013
								_
Net (Expense)/Revenue	•	(40.074.400)	Φ.	(0.050.000)	Φ.	(7.507.540)	Φ.	(7.040.055)
Government activities	\$	(16,971,166)	þ	(9,250,888)	Ъ	(7,597,513)	\$	(7,616,955)
Business-type activities	_	634,412	_	551,016	_	1,209,912	_	612,826
Total primary government net expense	\$	(16,336,754)	\$	(8,699,872)	\$	(6,387,601)	\$	(7,004,129)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po Governmental activities: Taxes:	ositi	on						
Property Taxes	\$	5,229,270	\$	5,118,947	\$	4,649,124	\$	4,591,293
Franchise Taxes	Ψ	662,966	*	896,989	Ψ.	915,203	*	981,476
Sales Taxes		1,500,841		1,779,729		1,779,534		1,767,497
Property Transfer Tax		117,126		40,608		48,832		46,120
Transient Occupancy Taxes		82,605		137,402		153,444		172,369
Business License Taxes		86,927		186,303		128,970		91,961
In-Lieu Sales Tax		386,646		548,785		609,430		632,735
Other	_							(100,000)
Total taxes		8,066,381		8,708,763		8,284,537		8,183,451
Intergovernmental		170,929		377,755		86,146		60,404
Investment Income		144,194		93,806		61,285		31,786
Miscellaneous Revenues		199,206		30,562		242,172		43,067
Total Governmental activities		8,580,710		9,210,886		8,674,140		8,318,708
Special Item - Distribution from Los Angeles								
County for Lighting Maintenance District	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
Business-type activities:								
Total business-type activities		68,983		26,726		8,237		111,951
Total primary government	\$	8,649,693	\$	9,237,612	\$	8,682,377	\$	8,430,659
Ohan wain Nat Basitian								
Change in Net Position	•	(0.000.450)	•	(40,000)	•	4 070 007	•	704 750
Governmental activities	\$	(8,390,456)	\$	(40,002)	\$	1,076,627	\$	701,753
Business-type activities		703,395		577,742		1,218,149		724,777
Prior Period Adjustments	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>			_	
Total primary government	\$	(7,687,061)	\$	537,740	\$	2,294,776	\$	1,426,530

Source: Statement of Activities

	Fiscal Year												
	2014		2015		2016	0 1	2017		2018		2019		
\$	(9,670,317)	\$	(7,882,283)	\$	(8,782,822)	\$	(11,669,194)	\$	(10,532,481)	\$	(10,502,208)		
	587,130	_	397,781	_	360,845		402,494	_	463,281		663,643		
\$	(9,083,187)	\$	(7,484,502)	\$	(8,421,977)	\$	(11,266,700)	\$	(10,069,200)	\$	(9,838,565)		
\$	4,793,494	\$	4,996,279	\$	5,336,924	\$	5,960,936	\$	6,681,270	\$	7,014,532		
	942,507		974,152		888,514		941,026		1,023,365		1,024,742		
	1,782,617 52,324		2,040,668 53,669		2,593,802 84,006		3,060,517 75,968		3,150,107 86,091		4,082,950 66,951		
	192,100		207,306		227,690		240,696		238,611		240,783		
	92,207		91,025		98,671		119,792		120,357		144,822		
	572,155		612,837		616,383		-		-		-		
	8,427,404	_	8,975,936	_	9,845,990	_	10,398,935	_	11,299,801		12,574,780		
	124,139	_	-		-	_	-		-		-		
	114,002		423,177		569,168		260,984		246,179		943,308		
	98,793	_	284,213		493,306		82,063	_	43,880	_	308,981		
	8,764,338		9,683,326	_	10,908,464	_	10,741,982		11,589,860		13,827,069		
_			<u>-</u>			_			9,484,683	_	<u>-</u>		
	20,201	_	39,410		39,383		59,857	_	70,912	_	94,030		
\$	8,784,539	\$	9,722,736	\$	10,947,847	\$	10,801,839	\$	21,145,455	\$	13,921,099		
•	(005.070)	Φ.	4 004 040	•	0.405.040	Φ.	(007.040)	•	40 540 000	•	0.004.004		
\$	(905,979) 607,331	ф	1,801,043 437,191	\$	2,125,642 400,228	\$	(927,212) 462,351	ф	10,542,062 534,193	\$	3,324,861 757,673		
	186, 100				•		402,33 I				131,013		
\$	(200 640)	\$	9,572,732 11,810,966	\$	(1,063,736) 1,462,134	\$	(464,861)	\$	(2,127,049) 8,949,206	\$	4,082,534		
Φ	(298,648)	Φ	11,010,900	Φ	1,402,134	Φ	(404,001)	Φ	0,949,200	φ	4,002,034		

City of La Puente, California Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	Property Transfer Tax	Transient Occupancy Taxes	Business License Taxes	In-Lieu Sales Tax	Total
2010	5,229,270	1,500,841	662,966	117,126	82,605	86,927	386,646	8,066,381
2011	5,118,947	1,779,729	896,989	40,608	137,402	186,303	548,785	8,708,763
2012	4,649,124	1,779,534	915,203	48,832	153,444	128,970	609,430	8,284,537
2013	4,591,293	1,767,497	981,476	46,120	172,369	91,961	632,735	8,283,451
2014	4,793,494	1,782,617	942,506	52,324	192,100	92,207	572,155	8,427,403
2015	4,996,279	2,040,668	974,152	53,669	207,306	91,025	612,837	8,975,936
2016	5,336,924	2,593,802	888,514	84,006	227,690	98,671	616,383	9,845,990
2017	5,960,936	3,060,517	941,026	75,968	240,696	119,792	-	10,398,935
2018	6,681,270	3,150,107	1,023,365	86,091	238,611	120,357	-	11,299,801
2019	7,014,532	4,082,950	1,024,742	66,951	240,783	144,822	-	12,574,780

Source: Statement of Activities

City of La Puente, California Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fisca	ıl Ye	ar		
		2010		2011		2012		2013
General Fund								
Reserved	\$	13,017,404	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved		6,093,429		-		-		-
Total General Fund	\$	19,110,833	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
All other governmental funds								
Reserved	\$	7,513,002	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special Revenue Funds		2,146,069		-		-		-
Debt Service Fund		(4,126,158)		-		-		-
Capital Projects Funds		(12,508,278)						
Total all other governmental funds	\$	(6,975,365)	\$		\$	-	\$	
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	12,968,441	\$	1,143,252	\$	790,213
Restricted		-		-		1,521,681		1,527,172
Unrestricted:								
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
General Fund				5,601,360		4,843,455		5,327,809
Total Fund Balances	\$		\$	18,569,801	\$	7,508,388	\$	7,645,194
All other governmental funds								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	6,615,757	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted		-		3,402,447		4,261,709		3,987,665
Unrestricted:				(1= 010 = 10)		(=0.4.0=.4)		(00= -00)
Unassigned	_	-	_	(17,640,549)		(794,854)	_	(837,528)
	\$		\$	(7,622,345)	\$	3,466,855	\$	3,150,137

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting in FY 2010-2011.

Source: Balance Sheets - Governmental Funds

					Fiscal	Ye	ar				
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
φ		φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ		φ	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
\$	1,103,523	\$	12,741,849	\$	11,813,032	\$	12,260,207	\$	11,374,648	\$	11,480,704
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
	- 4,908,111		- 5,317,486		- 7,906,933		- 7,191,875		- 7,997,394		- 9,772,265
\$	6,011,634	\$	18,059,335	\$	19,719,965	\$	19,452,082	\$	19,372,042	\$	21,252,969
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
*	3,041,388	7	4,025,952	*	3,834,966	7	3,845,909	7	7,008,355	т	8,323,281
	_		(132,247)		(399,754)		(2,107)		(65,750)		(4,976)
\$	3,041,388	\$	3,893,705	\$	3,435,212	\$	3,843,802	\$	6,942,605	\$	8,318,30 <u>5</u>

City of La Puente, California Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		F	iscal Year		
	2010		2011		2012
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 8,066,381	\$	8,708,763	\$	8,284,537
Licenses and permits	313,337		273,183		356,891
Intergovernmental	4,477,921		4,945,362		4,344,589
Charges for services	886,241		1,003,997		806,404
Fines and Forfeitures	547,680		458,677		491,027
Investment Income	144,194		60,604		1,109,729
Other revenue	 714,402		35,812		320,617
Total revenues	 15,150,156		15,486,398		15,713,794
Expenditures:					
General government	2,267,156		2,893,469		2,414,268
Public safety	4,666,557		4,824,769		4,773,178
Public Works	1,711,607		1,485,074		1,189,367
Recreation/Senior Services	988,071		958,193		882,589
Community Development	2,414,069		2,606,245		1,971,871
Redevelopment and Housing	9,045,803		461,447		179,235
Capital outlay	2,751,793		1,955,078		2,331,483
Debt service:					
Interest & Fiscal Charges	1,348,651		1,390,135		2,350,000
Principal	100,000		100,000		724,788
Cost of Issuance	 				
Total expenditures	 25,293,707		16,674,410	_	16,816,779
Excess of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (10,143,551)		(1,188,012)		(1,102,985)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt Issuance	-		-		-
Loan Proceeds	-		-		-
Transfers In	1,598,359		967,830		1,242,934
Transfers Out	 (1,672,639)		(967,830)		(1,292,934)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(74,280)		-		(50,000)
Special / Extraordinary Items					
Dissolution of RDA	-		-		1,180,772
Distirbution from LA County for LLMD	-		-		-
Total Special / Extraordinary Items	 _		_		1,180,772
Net change in fund balances	\$ (10,217,831)	\$	(1,188,012)	\$	27,787
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital					
expenditures	6.40%		10.15%		20.96%

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund

Е	iscal	ı v	aar
_	ISC:AI	1 Y 6	-21

					FISCA	re					
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	8,427,404	\$	8,975,936	\$	9,747,319	\$	10,346,934	\$	11,234,442	\$	12,487,322
φ	489,130	φ	429,681	φ	637,990	φ	654,710	φ	968,625	φ	917,616
	4,577,580		3,272,845		4,369,861		3,476,390		4,979,909		4,885,384
	933,451		1,760,488		1,108,498		938,295		1,125,664		1,135,489
	339,929		276,871		390,778		355,900		334,811		351,735
	225,279		106,379		215,115		(40,600)		(42,381)		685,509
	95,209		280,225		493,306		71,899		27,633		283,856
\$	15,087,982	\$	15,102,425	\$	16,962,867	\$	15,803,528	\$	18,628,703	\$	20,746,911
Ψ	10,001,002	Ψ	10,102,120	Ψ	10,002,001	Ψ	10,000,020	Ψ	10,020,100	Ψ	20,1 10,011
	3,406,585		2,463,305		1,719,259		2,149,723		2,388,937		2,582,672
	5,000,763		5,563,600		5,845,736		6,110,053		7,039,317		7,210,847
	1,625,091		1,004,253		1,128,999		1,223,303		1,350,238		1,415,086
	958,390		1,372,592		1,488,370		1,278,994		1,207,305		1,266,993
	2,488,043		1,459,534		2,011,353		2,464,330		3,277,699		3,247,896
	- 2,138,224		2,126,904		3,089,542		2,737,027		- 2,672,579		- 1,588,158
	158,195		274,400		254,320		346,640		37,281		19,021
	1,055,000		630,000		625,000		620,000		7,204,097		189,721
_	16,830,291		14,894,588	_	16,162,579		16,930,070		25,177,453	_	17,520,394
_	(1,742,309)		207,837		800,288		(1,126,542)		(6,548,750)		3,226,517
	_		_		_		_		_		30,110
	_		_		421,574		1,267,249		82,830		-
	697,503		666,920		2,862		133,727		331,841		321,604
	(697,503)		(666,920)		(2,862)		(133,727)		(331,841)		(321,604)
	(001,000)		(000,000)		(=,===)		(100,100)		(001,011)		
	-		-		421,574		1,267,249		82,830		30,110
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		-		_		_		9,484,683		_
_									9,484,683		
\$	(1,742,309)	\$	207,837	\$	1,221,862	\$	140,707	\$	3,018,763	\$	3,256,627
Ψ	(1,172,000)	Ψ	201,001	Ψ	1,221,002	Ψ	170,101	Ψ	0,010,700	Ψ	0,200,021
	8.26%		6.91%		6.28%		6.39%		30.47%		1.19%

City of La Puente, California Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Use Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Assessed \	/alues		Less:	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct
Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Tax Exempt	Value	Tax Rate
2010	1,377,271,873	235,079,377	22,613,632	47,789,065	(12,216,097)	1,670,537,850	0.10809%
2011	1,335,702,403	229,938,122	23,184,803	41,811,224	(13,156,968)	1,617,479,584	0.10549%
2012	1,383,870,463	234,556,238	23,291,279	59,488,762	(12,472,489)	1,672,773,503	0.10669%
2013	1,372,048,956	240,616,336	22,688,117	76,877,520	(9,079,536)	1,703,151,393	0.11113%
2014	1,451,168,711	253,204,927	23,578,548	65,262,798	(9,079,536)	1,784,135,448	0.06478%
2015	1,538,326,262	256,091,046	23,804,101	64,589,834	(9,079,536)	1,873,731,707	0.06486%
2016	1,620,353,447	270,292,517	24,210,705	65,304,980	(9,079,536)	1,971,082,113	0.06491%
2017	1,717,162,394	292,845,791	25,643,057	71,227,609	(8,365,536)	2,098,513,315	0.64980%
2018	1,793,686,423	310,885,940	28,732,254	70,975,250	(8,383,449)	2,195,896,418	0.10187%
2019	1,884,223,438	322,438,855	29,306,878	77,946,527	(8,383,449)	2,305,532,249	0.10106%

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone; L.A. County Assessor 2017/18 Combined Tax Rolls

City of La Puente, California Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
						•				
Agency	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19
Basic Levy ¹	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Bassett Unified School Dist	0.10877	0.12316	0.11628	0.12773	0.11632	0.11539	0.15770	0.16781	0.17443	0.16349
Hacienda-La Puente Unified	0.05973	0.06462	0.06430	0.06689	0.06653	0.06432	0.06394	0.06600	0.10531	0.10706
Metropolitan Water District	0.00430	0.00370	0.00370	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00035	0.00350
Mt. San Antonio College	0.02571	0.02636	0.02642	0.02896	0.02023	0.02129	0.02154	0.02400	0.02371	0.02435
Rowland Heights Unified	0.06769	0.07538	0.09195	0.10053	0.12297	0.14313	0.12426	0.10939	0.11841	0.11861
Rowland Heights USD DS 2012 Series B	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01505	0.00000	0.00000
West Covina Unified	0.05258	0.05920	0.05377	0.04965	0.03626	0.05412	0.04205	0.04914	0.09514	0.09795
Total Direct & Overlapping ² Tax Rates	1.31878	1.35242	1.35641	1.37725	1.36581	1.40175	1.41299	1.43489	1.52050	1.51496
•										
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 133	0.06582	0.06582	0.06582	0.06582	0.06582	0.06582	0.06582	0.06582	0.10072	0.10072
only 0 on a 10 or 170 zovy 1 or 1 rop 10	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	*****	000.2
Redevelopment Rate⁴	1.00430	1.00370	1.00370	n/a						
				, 🛥	, 🛥	, 🛥	,	, 🛥		, a
Total Direct Rate⁵	0.10809	0.10549	0.10669	0.11113	0.06478	0.06478	0.06491	0.06498	0.10187	0.10117

Notes:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.

²Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all city property owners.

³City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the city. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figues.

*Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/2013 and years thereafter.

⁵Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the government preparing the statistical section information. Beginning 2013/14 the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable oblications are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purposes of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

n/a - not applicable

Data Source: L. A. County Assessor 2008/09 - 2017/18 Tax Rate Table This report is not to be used in support of debt issuance or continuing disclosure statements without the written consent of HdL, Coren & Cone

City of La Puente, California Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2009/10					2018/19			
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Taxable <u>AV</u>	<u>Rank</u>	% of Total Taxable <u>AV</u>		Taxable <u>AV</u>	Rank	% of Total Taxable <u>AV</u>	
Hacienda Plaza JPS LLC	\$	33,227,000	1	2.01%	\$	39,740,480	1	1.75%	
Group X Rosemead Properties LP		21,170,228	2	1.28%		23,949,594	2	1.06%	
Jasmine Real Estate Investments LLC		-	-	-		21,824,911	3	0.96%	
La Puente 104 LLC		-	-	-		20,225,706	4	0.89%	
Laurala Limited		8,974,175	8	0.54%		17,925,755	5	0.79%	
Haeri Hacienda Plaza LLC		14,780,718	4	0.89%		16,728,429	6	0.74%	
PJB Sunkist LP		-	-	-		13,434,259	7	0.59%	
Walnut Apartments		10,567,854	6	0.64%		11,951,487	8	0.53%	
Wind Chime Properties LP		10,174,857	7	0.62%		11,572,717	9	0.51%	
PI Properties		-	-	-		10,016,139	10	0.44%	
Villa Las Brisas LLC		14,929,887	3	0.90%		-	-	-	
Sunkist Shopping Center Limited		12,522,359	5	0.76%		-	-	-	
EML LLC		7,134,732	9	0.43%		-	-	-	
Prince N. Dennis & I. Shan Li		6,074,442	10	0.37%		-	-	-	
Top Ten Total	\$	139,556,252		<u>8.44</u> %	\$	187,369,477		<u>8.26</u> %	

City Total \$ 2,267,122,244

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

City of La Puente, California Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy ⁽¹⁾	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy
2010	1,040,321	888,710	85.4%	12,259	900,969	86.6%
2011	999,478	867,546	86.8%	371	867,916	86.8%
2012	1,027,929	942,203	91.7%	-	942,203	91.7%
2013	1,048,173	950,591	90.7%	-	950,591	90.7%
2014	1,078,480	999,723	92.7%	-	999,723	92.7%
2015	1,152,928	1,072,238	93.0%	-	1,072,238	93.0%
2016	1,208,236	1,124,478	93.1%	-	1,124,478	93.1%
2017	1,282,303	1,181,417	92.1%	-	1,181,417	92.1%
2018	1,353,426	1,236,795	91.4%	-	1,236,795	91.4%
2019	1,402,596	1,301,556	92.8%	-	1,301,556	92.8%

Source: Los Angeles County

⁽¹⁾ Includes secured and unsecured property tax levies exclusive of homeowner exemption and supplemental roll.

City of La Puente, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Gove	ernmental Activ	ities	Business-Type Activities			
	Tax		_		Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Allocation	Lease		Sewer	Primary	of Personal	Per
<u>Year</u>	Bond ⁽¹⁾	<u>Agreement</u>	<u>Loan</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	Government	Income ⁽²⁾	Capita (2)
2010	4,040,000	10,000,000	2,400,000	9,925,000	26,365,000	2.32%	608
2011	3,990,000	10,000,000	2,300,000	9,730,000	26,020,000	2.31%	656
2012	3,940,000	9,411,765	-	9,530,000	22,881,765	2.75%	471
2013	-	8,890,000	270,000	9,320,000	18,480,000	3.41%	450
2014	-	8,260,000	-	9,105,000	17,365,000	3.59%	429
2015	-	7,635,000	-	8,880,000	16,515,000	3.77%	408
2016	-	7,635,000	421,574	8,645,000	16,701,574	3.75%	412
2017	-	7,015,000	1,688,823	9,010,000	17,713,823	3.75%	437
2018	-	-	1,582,556	8,695,000	10,277,556	3.85%	253
2019	-	-	1,422,945	8,370,000	9,792,945	7.12%	240

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ Debt is related to dissolved Community Development Commission
² See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

City of La Puente, California Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2019

Jurisdiction	Obligation	General on Bonded utstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of La Puente	Net Bonded Debt
Direct - City of La Puente				
City of Industry Loan Agreement	\$ 1	1,422,945	100.000	\$ 1,422,945
Total Direct Debt				1,422,945
Overlapping Debt:				
Water District:				
*330.10 METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT	23	3,317,224	0.175	40,916
Mt San Antonio College:				
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 13A		0,306,691	2.496	4,999,552
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 SERIES 2013B		5,215,000	2.496	155,123
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2013 REF SERIES A		3,265,000	2.496	1,454,265
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2013 REF SERIES B		2,415,000	2.496	809,062
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2008 REF SERIES 2015C		2,515,000	2.496	811,558
MT. SAN ANTONIO CCD DS 2015 REF BONDS School District:	310	0,700,000	2.496	7,754,913
BASSETT USD DS 2006 SER B	,	1,636,192	6.828	316,565
BASSETT USD DS 2014 REF SERIES A		1,224,566	6.828	83,615
BASSETT USD DS 2014 REF SERIES B		1,804,970	6.828	328,089
BASSETT USD DS 2014 SERIES A		3,100,000	6.828	553,078
BASSETT USD DS 2016 REF BONDS		7,850,000	6.828	1,901,631
BASSETT USD DS 2014 SERIES B		1,925,000	6.828	1,019,097
HACIENDA-LA PUENTE USD DS 2005 REFUNDING BONDS		2,600,000	13.227	2,989,217
HACIENDA-LA PUENTE USD DS 2007 REFUNDING	53	3,580,000	13.227	7,086,826
HACIENDA-LA PUENTE USD DS 2016 SERIES 2017A		5,155,000	13.227	8,617,808
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2005 REF BONDS	8	3,283,505	1.631	135,093
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2006 SERIES B	24	1,322,549	1.631	396,670
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2006 SERIES C (BABS)	12	2,000,000	1.631	195,705
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2006 SERIES D QSCB	15	5,725,000	1.631	256,455
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2006 SERIES E		557,451	1.631	9,091
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2012 SERIES A		0,870,000	1.631	666,538
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2013 REF BONDS	25	5,240,000	1.631	411,632
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2012 SERIES B	65	5,999,972	1.631	1,076,376
ROWLAND HEIGHTS USD DS 2015 REF BONDS	42	2,505,000	1.631	693,203
WEST COVINA USD 2002 REFUNDING SERIES A	9	9,845,000	0.961	94,593
WEST COVINA USD DS 2012 REF BONDS		0,840,000	0.961	104,153
WEST COVINA USD DS 2016 SERIES A	71	1,455,000	0.961	 686,555
Total Overlapping Debt				 43,647,379
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 45,070,324

2018/19 Assessed Valuation: \$2,135,829,111 after deducting \$169,703,138 incremental value.

Debt To Assessed Valuation Ratios:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Overlapping Debt	2.04%
Total Debt	2.04%

^{*}This fund is a portion of a larger agency, and is responsible for debt in areas outside the City.

This report reflects debt which is being repaid through voter-approved property tax indebtedness. It excludes mortage revenue, tax allocation bonds, interim financing obligations, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and certificates of partipation, unless provided by the City.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Data Source: HdL Coren & Cone, L. A. County Assessor and Auditor Combined 2017/18 Lien Date Tax Rolls. This report is not to be used in support of debt issuance or continuing disclosure statements without the written consent of HdL, Coren & Cone

City of La Puente, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	l Year 2012	2013	2014
Debt Limit	\$ 252,413,092	\$ 244,595,483	\$ 255,181,011	\$ 255,472,709	\$ 268,982,248
Total net debt applicable to limit					
Legal debt margin	\$ 273,621,630	\$ 244,595,483	\$ 255,181,011	\$ 255,472,709	\$ 268,982,248
Total net debt applicate to the limit as a perconf debt limit		0%	0%	0%	0%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone; L.A. County Assessor 2018/19 Combined Tax Rolls

2015		Fiscal Year		2017	2040	2010
2015		2016		2017	2018	2019
\$ 282,421,686	\$	297,024,247	\$	316,031,828	\$ 330,641,980	\$ 347,087,355
<u> </u>					 	
\$ 282,421,686	\$	297,024,247	\$	316,031,828	\$ 330,641,980	\$ 347,087,355
0%		0%		0%	0%	0%
Legal Debt Margi	in Ca	Iculation for Fis	cal Y	ear 2019		
Assessed value Add back: exempt Total assessed va		property				\$ 2,305,532,249 8,383,449 2,313,915,698
Debt limit (15% of Debt applicable to General obligation Less: Amount se	total limit: on bo	nds de for repayment				347,087,355
general obligat Total net debt a _l Legal debt margin	oplica					\$ - - 347,087,355

City of La Puente, California Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate	Median Age
2010	43,105	586,965	13,617	17,495	13.6%	28.2
2011	43,355	611,219	14,098	17,235	14.8%	30.5
2012	39,987	601,364	15,039	20,708	14.4%	29.8
2013	40,222	629,796	15,658	20,783	10.9%	30.7
2014	40,478	630,526	15,577	20,032	9.0%	31.6
2015	40,496	623,314	15,392	19,642	7.3%	31.8
2016	40,521	625,683	15,440	19,367	5.9%	31.8
2017	40,455	664,145	16,416	18,883	4.6%	32.5
2018	40,686	682,356	16,771	18,438	4.2%	33.2
2019	40,795	697,710	17,102	18,097	4.8%	32.8

Notes: (1) School Enrollment is total enrollment for Hacienda-La Puente Unified School District

Source: Population - California State Department of Finance

Personal Income, Per Capita Personal Income, Median Age are provided by HdL Coren & Cone

School Enrollment - California Department of Education

Unemployment Rate - California Employment Development Department

City of La Puente, California Principal Employers Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010					20	11
			% of Total				% of Total
	# of		City		# of		City
Employer	Emp.	Rank#	Employment		Emp.	Rank#	Employment
Northgate Supermarket	120	1	3.13%		120	1	4.02%
Bodega Latina Corp	-	-	0%		-	-	0%
Food 4 Less #369	77	2	2.01%		77	2	2.58%
Sunset Gardens West	75	3	1.96%		-	-	0.00%
Ed Butts Ford	70	4	1.83%		70	3	2.35%
Big Saver Foods #12	60	5	1.57%		60	4	2.01%
Ross Store	-	-	0.00%		-	-	0.00%
Merritt's Hardware	50	7	1.30%		50	5	1.68%
Burger King	37	8	0.97%		37	6	1.24%
99cents Only Stores	37	8	0.97%		34	7	1.14%
CVS Pharmacy #9629	54	6	1.41%		33	8	1.11%
Jack in the Box	32	10	0.83%		32	9	1.07%
Walgreens #05702	32	10	0.83%		32	10	1.07%
AJ Wright #218	35	9	0.91%	Ш	-	-	0.00%
Others	3,154	-	86.48%		3,102	-	103.92%
Total	3,833		104.20%		3,647		122.19%

		20	15		20	16
			% of Total			% of Total
	# of		City	# of	:	City
Employer	Emp.	Rank #	Employment	Emp	. Rank#	Employment
	400		0.040/			0.000/
Northgate Supermarket	120	1	3.24%	12		3.26%
Bodega Latina Corp	80	3	2.16%	8	0 3	2.17%
Alert Insulation	88	2	2.38%	8	8 2	2.39%
Walmart Stores Inc.	80	3	2.16%	8	0 3	2.17%
Food 4 Less #369	75	4	2.03%	7	5 4	2.04%
Mc Donald's	_	-	0.00%			0.00%
Big Saver Foods #12	60	5	1.62%	6	5 5	1.63%
Ed Butts Ford	59	6	1.59%	5	9 6	1.60%
Ross Store	49	7	1.32%	5	0 7	1.36%
El Sushi Loco	33	-	0.89%	4	.3 8	1.17%
Merritt's Hardware	43	8	1.16%	4	.3 8	1.17%
In and Out Burger	40	9	1.08%	4	0 9	1.09%
Carpet King	-	-	0.00%			0.00%
CVS Pharmacy #9629	35	-	0.95%	3	5 10	0.95%
99cents Only Stores	32	-	0.86%	3	2 -	0.87%
Jack in the Box	32	-	0.86%	3	2 -	0.87%
Burger King	37	10	1.00%	1	8 -	0.49%
Others	2,837	-	76.68%	2,82	.6 -	76.77%
Total	3,700		100.00%	3,68	1	100.00%

Source: City Finance Department - Business License Division

	20	12		20	13	2014		
		% of Total			% of Total			% of Total
# of		City	# of		City	# of		City
Emp.	Rank#	Employment	Emp.	Rank#	Employment	Emp.	Rank#	Employment
120	1	3.72%	120	1	3.72%	120	1	3.68%
80	2	2%	80	2	2.48%	80	2	2.45%
75	3	2.33%	75	3	2.33%	75	3	2.30%
-	-	0.00%	-	-	0%	-	-	0%
70	4	2.17%	70	4	2.17%	59	5	1.81%
60	5	1.86%	60	5	1.86%	60	4	1.84%
-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	51	6	1.56%
50	6	1.55%	43	6	1.33%	43	7	1.32%
37	7	1.15%	37	7	1.15%	37	8	1.13%
34	8	1.05%	32	9	0.99%	32	10	0.98%
33	9	1.02%	35	8	1.09%	35	9	1.07%
32	10	0.99%	32	9	0.99%	32	10	0.98%
32	10	0.99%	32	9	0.99%	32	10	0.98%
-	-	0.00%	-	-	0%	-	-	0%
2,362	-	73.25%	2,608	-	80.88%	2,608	-	79.90%
2,985		92.56%	3,224		99.98%	3,264		100.00%

	20	17		2018			20	19
		% of Total			% of Total			% of Total
# of		City	# of		City	# of		City
Emp.	Rank #	Employment	Emp.	Rank#	Employment	Emp.	Rank #	Employment
					-			
120	1	4.05%	120	1	3.01%	118	3 1	2.90%
101	2	3.41%	111	2	2.79%	111	2	2.72%
88	3	2.97%	88	3	2.21%	88	3	2.16%
80	4	2.70%	80	4	2.01%	80) 4	1.96%
75	5	2.53%	75	5	1.88%	75	5 5	1.84%
-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%	68	3 6	1.67%
60	6	2.03%	60	6	1.51%	60	7	1.47%
59	7	1.99%	59	7	1.48%	59	8 (1.45%
44	8	1.49%	44	8	1.10%	46	9	1.13%
43	9	1.45%	43	9	1.08%	43	3 10	1.06%
41	10	1.38%	41	10	1.03%	4	I 10	1.01%
40	-	1.35%	40	-	1.00%	40) -	0.98%
-	-	0.00%	36	-	0.90%	36	3 -	0.88%
35	-	1.18%	35	-	0.88%	35	5 -	0.86%
32	-	1.08%	32	-	0.80%	32	2 -	0.79%
32	-	1.08%	34	-	0.85%	34	1 -	0.83%
18	-	0.61%	18	-	0.45%	18	3 -	0.44%
2,094	-	70.70%	3,067	-	77.00%	3,09	-	75.85%
2,962		100.00%	3,983		100.00%	4,075	5	100.00%

City of La Puente, California Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Program/Function As of June 30, 2019

	Fisca	ıl Year		
Program/Function	2010	2011*	2012	2013
General Government				
City Council	5.00	n/a	5.00	5.00
City Clerk/Election Services	0.98	n/a	1.00	2.00
Human Resources/Risk Management	1.50	n/a	n/a	n/a
Administration	0.85	n/a	2.00	2.00
Financial Services	3.35	n/a	6.00	5.00
Public Safety				
Code Enforcement	-	-	-	-
Animal Services	-	-	-	-
Public Safety Services	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract
Public Works Services				
General Services	1.02	n/a	n/a	n/a
Emergency Preparedness Services	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract
Public Works Services	4.77	n/a	4.00	6.00
Measure R	0.11	n/a	n/a	n/a
Streets/Sidewalks (Prop C)	0.99	n/a	n/a	n/a
Waste Management Services	0.06	n/a	n/a	n/a
Park/Maintenance Services	4.71	n/a	n/a	n/a
Community Development				
Planning/Zoning Services	2.68	n/a	1.00	1.00
Housing/Community Services	1.70	n/a	1.00	1.00
Community Preservation Services	6.00	n/a	6.00	6.00
Public Transit Services (Prop A)	2.39	n/a	n/a	n/a
Recreation/Senior Services				
Recreation Services	2.19	n/a	2.00	3.00
Youth Activity Learning Center	-	-	-	1.00
Nature Education Center	2.62	n/a	n/a	n/a
Senior Services	1.19	n/a	1.00	1.00
Sewer Maintenance Fund				
Sewer Maintenance	1.79	n/a	n/a	n/a
Equipment Replacement Fund				
IT/Equipment Charges	1.50	n/a	n/a	n/a
	1.50	II/a	II/a	II/a
Community Development Commission	2.00	- l-	/	/ -
Low Mod Income Housing/Capital Project Fund	3.60	n/a_	n/a	n/a
	49.00		29.00	33.00

^{*}On March 7, 2011, City Council approved a reorganization plan to create salary savings by eliminating various positions. Unable to determine F.T.E. for FY10/11.

	Fiscal Year				
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
F 00	F 00	F 00	F 00	F 00	F 00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00 0.50
n/a 2.00	n/a	n/a	n/a	0.50	
7.00	2.00 7.50	2.00 6.50	2.00 6.50	2.50 5.00	2.50 5.50
7.00	7.50	0.50	0.50	5.00	5.50
-	-	Contract	6.50	7.00	10.50
-	-	-	-	-	6.50
Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract
6.00	4.00	5.50	5.50	6.00	10.50
n/a	4.00 n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
II/a	II/a	II/a	II/a	II/a	II/a
1.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
6.00	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract	Contract
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	8.00	10.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	5.00
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
,	,	,	,	,	,
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
38.50	32.00	32.50	39.00	41.00	63.50

City of La Puente, California Operating Indicators by Function As of June 30, 2019

	Fiscal Year				
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Public Safety* Physical arrests	1,781	1,772	1,160	1,210	
Parking Citations Issued	5,650	6,619	6,993	6,687	
Building and Safety Construction Valuation Building Permits Issued	5,624,712 293	3,900,556 321	9,935,892 292	7,773,162 396	
Highways and Streets* Street resurfacing (Square Feet)	n/a	n/a	154,660	288,100	
Sanitation* Refuse collected (tons/day) Recyclables collected (tons/day) Green waste collected (tons/day)	57.18 4.89 10.99	55.27 4.59 10.97	55.02 4.57 11.23	51.75 4.28 10.59	
Community Services Special Event-Main Street Run (number of participants)	5,190	3,500	3,330	4,391	
City Clerk Public Records Act Requests (number responded)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	

^{*} The City of La Puente is a contract city for Public Safety, Fire Prevention, Public Works, Water and Waste Services.

Sources: City of La Puente

L.A. County Sheriff Department

Valley Vista Services

Fiscal Year							
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		
1,279	1,458	1,385	1,952	1,686	1,427		
5,881	5,382	8,852	6,809	8,409	8,065		
6,645,112	6,775,623	10,441,752	11,581,386	15,264,131	16,443,171		
364	317	467	386	516	452		
305,447	240,180	61,550	187,600	374,150	_		
000,117	210,100	01,000	101,000	07 1,100			
61.53	60.12	64.90	58.02	57.47	69.00		
4.59	4.53	4.77	4.96	4.85	14.00		
9.77	9.64	8.98	9.81	7.95	8.00		
3,730	3,825	4,283	3,750	n/a	n/a		
,	,	,	,				
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	94		

City of La Puente, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function As of June 30, 2019

Function/Pro	ogram	Fiscal Year 2018-19
General Go Ci	vernment ty Hall	1
	cy olice: Stations Patrol units re stations	Contract out Contract out Contract out
Sanitation Co	ollection trucks	Contract out
St	nd streets reets (miles) reetlights raffic signals	71.5 1421 43
Pa Co Yo	Services ark acreage ark community Center outh Learning Activity Center enior Center	24.2 2 1 1 1
Fi	ater mains (miles) re hydrants aximum daily capacity (thousands of gallons)	Non City-Owned Non City-Owned N/A
	anitary sewers (miles) corm drains (miles)	64.3 11.5
	umber of distribution stations iles of service line	Contract out Contract out

The City of La Puente is a contracting city for Public Safety, Fire Prevention, Public Works, Water and Waste services. These figures represent the capital assets owned by the City. They remain the same for the past ten years other than the addition of the Youth Learning Activity Center and the recently completed Puente Creek Nature and Education Center.

Source: City of La Puente